

NEVADA STATEWIDE ADULT TOBACCO SURVEY 2023



REPORT PREPARED BY:

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Nevada Institute for Children's Research and Policy

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NICRP started in 1998 based on a vision of First Lady Sandy Miller. She wanted an organization that could bring credible research and rigorous policy analysis to problems that confront Nevada's children. But she didn't want to stop there; she wanted to transform that research into meaningful legislation that would make a real difference in the lives of our children. Our mission is to conduct community-based research that will guide the development of programs and services for Nevada's children. For more information regarding NICRP research and services, please visit our website at: http://nic.unlv.edu

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Nevada State Tobacco Control Program (TCP) coordinates a comprehensive statewide effort to reduce the use of tobacco products and its health and economic burdens on Nevada residents. The TCP has supported tobacco control efforts throughout the state with State and Federal grant funds since the 1990s. The TCP tasked the Southern Nevada Health District (SNHD) Tobacco Control Program with coordinating the 2023 Nevada Adult Tobacco Survey (ATS). SNHD sought input from statewide partners and worked with Nevada Institute for Children's Research & Policy (NICRP) to finalize the survey instrument.

The purpose of the ATS is to assess 1) current rates of the use of tobacco products, 2) cessation behaviors, 3) beliefs about electronic cigarettes and vaping products, 4) exposure to secondhand smoke, and 5) support for potential laws or regulations regarding tobacco among Nevada residents. When possible, this report compares the results of the current ATS to the results of the 2022 ATS. Appendix A includes the results of the ATS for 2016, 2019, and 2022 for those items that have remained consistent across the four surveys. This information can be used to identify opportunities for additional education and policy development. The ATS was designed to be administered over the telephone, taking no more than 20 minutes to complete. Intuify was hired to administer the ATS to Nevada residents using a random digit dialing technique. The survey was conducted between September 21, 2023, and November 22, 2023. The following presents key findings from the full report.

Smoking Prevalence

This year, as compared to last year, electronic cigarette/vape product use and smoking tobacco use increased (36.8% and 37.7% respectively) while smokeless tobacco and water pipe/hookah use decreased (-34.8% and -15.6% respectively). Smoking tobacco continues to be the most common method of tobacco use (14.5%) with current use being most common among Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islanders (32.1%) and American Indian/Alaska Natives (27.6%) as compared to those of any other race or ethnicity. Current smoking tobacco use is also more common in Washoe County (17.6%) than in the rural counties (14.4%) and Clark County (13.9%) while electronic cigarette/vape product use is more common in the rural counties (12.6%) and Washoe County (11.4%) than in Clark County (5.7%). A larger percentage of those who identify as non-heterosexual reported current use of electronic cigarettes/vape products (29.2%), tobacco smoking (29.0%), smokeless tobacco (7.2%) and hookah/water pipe (11.4%) as compared to those who identify as heterosexual (5.3%, 13.7%, 1.0%, and 1.8% respectively).

Current tobacco use (past 30 days)	2022	2023	Percent Change
Smoking tobacco	10.6%	14.5%	36.8%
Smokeless tobacco	2.3%	1.5%	-34.8%
Electronic cigarettes/Vape products	5.3%	7.3%	37.7%
Water pipe	3.2%	2.7%	-15.6%

Cessation Behavior

Overall, a slightly larger percentage of individuals tried to quit smoking in the past 12 months this year (49.3%) as compared to last year (45.4%) which represents an 8.6% increase.

	2022	2023	Percent Change
Tried to stop smoking in past year	45.4%	49.3%	8.6%

Of those who tried to quit smoking in the past 12 months, the largest percentage attempted to quit on their own (76.2%), followed by those who used nicotine replacement (45.0%).

Methods used to try to quit in past year among current tobacco smokers

	2022 2023			Percent Change		
Group counseling	2.8%	3.9%			39.3%	
Nicotine replacement	32.6%	45.0%			38.0%	
Other prescriptions	11.9%	6.2%	-47.9%			
Herbal/Homepathic	7.4%	0.0%	-100.0%			
1-800-QUIT-NOW	14.0%	23.7%			69.3%	
Tried on own	81.5%	76.2%	-6.5%			
Other methods	30.7%	14.3%	-53.4%			

Secondhand Smoke

Overall, there was a decrease in the percentage of respondents who reported that smoking is never allowed in their home this year (71.2%) as compared to last year (77.0%). There was also a slight decrease in the percentage of respondents who reported that secondhand smoke never infiltrates their home this year (77.0%) as compared to last year (79.2%). Those who identify as more than one race were much less likely to report that secondhand smoke never infiltrates their home (8.0%) than those who identify as any other race or ethnicity (See Appendix B). Those who identify as non-heterosexual were less likely to report that secondhand smoke never infiltrates their home (26.2%) than those who identify as heterosexual (32.4%).

Secondhand smoke exposure	2022	2023	Percent Cha	nge
Smoking never allowed in home	77.0%	71.2%	-7.5%	
Secondhand smoke never infiltrates home	79.2%	77.0%	-2.8%	

Opinions Regarding Potential Tobacco Laws

Although many of the potential tobacco laws presented to survey respondents were similar in content to those presented last year, there were only four that used the exact same wording. Therefore, comparisons to the previous year's results are only presented for those four items. Favorability toward one of those potential laws, prohibiting smoking and vaping in outdoor public places, decreased this year (53.4%) as compared to last year (56.8%). Favorability toward the other three potential laws increased slightly this year as compared to last year. There is more support for a law prohibiting flavors that attract youth in Washoe County (65.2%) than in the rural counties (56.4%) and Clark County (55.9%). Support for a law prohibiting advertisement for all marijuana/cannabis products is lowest among American Indian/Alaska natives (31.4%) in comparison to those who identify as any other race or ethnicity.

Potential tobacco related laws	2022	2023	Perce	nt Change
Prohibiting smoking close to entrances of buildings	66.7%	68.4%		2.5%
Prohibiting flavors that attract youth	54.5%	57.3%		5.1%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in outdoor public places	56.8%	53.4%	-6.0%	
Prohibiting adverstisements for all marijuana/cannabis products	45.9%	49.9%		8.7%

While Nevada has made some progress in many areas related to tobacco control over the long term, it is important that Tobacco Prevention and Control Program efforts continue within the community in order to sustain the gains made as well as to increase progress. While tobacco cessation efforts can be successful, quitting is not easy; therefore, it is encouraging that slightly more than half of the respondents have never smoked tobacco and that more attempted to quit smoking this year as compared to last year.

INTRODUCTION

Tobacco use has many harmful effects and has been linked to many negative health outcomes including cancer, heart disease and stroke, lung disease such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), type 2 diabetes, and even death (National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion [NCCDPHP], 2022). Commercial tobacco use remains the leading cause of preventable disease, disability, and death in the U.S. (NCCDPHP, 2022). Even secondhand smoke can cause stroke, lung cancer, and heart disease, and children exposed to secondhand smoke are at increased risk of sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS), impaired lung function, acute respiratory infections, middle ear disease, and more frequent asthma attacks (NCCDPHP, 2022).

In 2021, nearly 1 in 5 adults in the U.S. used a tobacco product (18.7%), with 77.5% using combustible products (cigarettes, cigars, pipes, or water pipes/hookah) and 18.1% using two or more tobacco products (Cornelius et al., 2023). Although smoking tobacco remains the most prevalent form of tobacco use, in 2021 smoking prevalence among American adults aged 18 or older was 11.5%, the lowest rate since 1965 (Cornelius et al., 2023). Results of the Nevada 2022 Statewide Adult Tobacco Survey indicated a 39.4% decrease in smoking tobacco use among Nevadans from 2019 to 2022 (Davidson et al., 2022). Despite increased use of electronic cigarettes in the U.S. from 2020 to 2021 (Cornelius et al., 2023), Nevada experienced a 53.1% decrease in use from 2019 to 2022 (Davidson et al., 2022). During this same time period, Nevada also experienced a 59.0% decrease in the use of water pipe/hookah and a 28.1% decrease in the use of smokeless tobacco among Nevadans.

Possible factors contributing to the overall lower prevalence of tobacco use in the U.S. can be the implementation of antitobacco media campaigns, smoke-free policies in public places, an increase in the price of cigarettes, and limiting the availability of specific types of tobacco products, such as flavored products (Cornelius et al., 2023). Despite the numerous health hazards connected with smoking tobacco, it is still the most popular method of smoking because smokers are addicted to nicotine (Cornelius et al., 2023; West, 2017). Nicotine reportedly helps smokers cope with stress and enhances their ability to concentrate (West, 2017). Hence, smoking tobacco is often used as a form of self-medication for smokers who have mental health issues (West, 2017). Nevertheless, the evidence suggests that neither smoking nor nicotine reduce psychological problems (West, 2017).

In 2023, the World Health Organization (WHO) launched the "Stop the Lies" campaign in an effort to counter the tobacco industry's influence over tobacco control legislation (WHO, 2023). To keep youngsters away from the tobacco industry, the campaign seeks to stop the industry from undermining national initiatives to promote health over its harmful products (WHO, 2023). To enact local policy change, it is important to understand attitudes toward tobacco product use and potential policies. In 2022, Nevada residents mostly shared positive attitudes towards potential laws and regulations on tobacco, with the most support for laws prohibiting smoking close to the entrances of businesses and public buildings (66.7%), increasing taxes on tobacco products (62.4%), and prohibiting smoking in all indoor areas of casino and gaming areas (58.2%) (Davidson et al. 2022). Furthermore, 45.8% of Nevadans agreed or strongly agreed that cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years and 41.5% agreed or strongly agreed that there should be an immediate ban on the sale of cigarettes. In 2022, 54.5% of Nevadans also supported prohibiting flavors that attract youth (Davidson et al. 2022) which indicates support for the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) suggested ban on flavored cigars and menthol cigarettes (FDA, 2022). Gauging the changes in these attitudes over time and looking at key population characteristics such as age will help to focus public health efforts on targeted messaging that motivates specific populations.

Purpose of Current Survey

The Nevada State Tobacco Control Program (TCP) coordinates a comprehensive statewide effort to reduce the use of tobacco products and its health and economic burdens on Nevada residents. The TCP has supported tobacco control efforts throughout the state with funds from the Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement since 1999. The Nevada Adult Tobacco Survey (ATS) was previously conducted in 2008, 2016, 2019, and 2022 to evaluate how the TCP's efforts impacted the knowledge, perceptions, and use of tobacco products among Nevada residents.

The purpose of the 2023 ATS was to assess current rates of the use of tobacco products and to measure the knowledge, attitudes, beliefs, and perceptions of tobacco products, electronic cigarettes, and cessation behaviors among Nevada residents. By examining the results of the 2008, 2016, 2019, 2022 and 2023 ATSs over time and specifically comparing the 2023 outcomes to the 2022 outcomes, the effectiveness of programs and strategies promoted by Nevada's TCP to reduce tobacco use rates and increase awareness and public knowledge can be determined. The current report provides the results of the 2023 ATS. Activities associated with this project were supported by a Fund for a Healthy Nevada (FHN) grant received by the Southern Nevada Health District (SNHD) via the Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health, Chronic Disease Prevention and Promotion Section and the Nevada Cancer Coalition through a disparities grant from the State of Nevada.

METHODOLOGY

Survey Development

The 2023 ATS was modified collaboratively by NICRP and members of the SNHD Tobacco Prevention and Control Program based on the 2022 ATS administered throughout Nevada. After initial modifications were made, feedback was solicited from community partners working in tobacco prevention and control throughout the state to ensure that the concerns from various communities were met. The most notable changes to the ATS this year were the addition of some marijuana/cannabis questions and changes to the secondhand smoke questions. The new marijuana/cannabis questions assess frequency of use and where marijuana/cannabis is purchased and used. The secondhand smoke questions now differentiate between or specifically mention both tobacco smoke and marijuana/cannabis smoke. In comparison to the 2022 ATS, the 2023 ATS included 1 fewer item overall. Once survey questions were finalized, the survey was translated into Spanish.

The final version of the 2023 ATS consisted of 59 items. The first items (4) assessed participants' eligibility to complete the survey. The next section of the survey assessed use of electronic cigarettes (4), smoking tobacco (4), marijuana/cannabis (5), smokeless tobacco (1), and cessation resources (6). The third section of the survey included items to measure beliefs about, exposure to, and personal rules about secondhand smoke (12). The next section included items to assess health information resources (1), opinions about potential laws and regulations regarding tobacco (12), and use of water pipes (3). The final section assessed demographic characteristics of the sample (7). The English version of the survey can be found in Appendix F and the Spanish version can be found in Appendix G.

Procedures

The 2023 ATS was designed to be administered over the telephone, taking no more than 18 minutes to complete. Both landlines and wireless phone numbers were utilized. Intuify was hired to administer the 2023 ATS to Nevada residents using a random digit dialing technique. Intuify used three separate sampling procedures to complete this survey: 1) sampling for Clark County, 2) sampling for Washoe County, and 3.) sampling for all Nevada counties other than Clark and Washoe. Intuify provided a detailed description of their procedures which is available below. All respondents were

offered the chance to be entered into a drawing to win a \$50 Visa gift card. After data collection was completed, five respondents were randomly drawn as winners and each was mailed a gift card.

Intuify Research Sampling Procedures

The 2023 ATS was conducted between September 21, 2023, and November 22, 2023, by Precision Opinion. Calls were made on various days of the week at different times, including weekends, between 4:00 p.m. and 9:00 p.m. on weekdays and 11:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on weekends. Interviews lasted just over 13 minutes on average. A total of 800 interviews were completed from a sample of 124,400 numbers (combination of both landline phones and cellular phone devices). The interviewers made up to six attempts on each number. In addition, all respondents were given the opportunity to complete the survey at another time by scheduling at a time convenient for the respondent.

To sample the general population of Nevada, telephone numbers for the study were purchased through the sampling provider Aristotle. The initial sampling was a random selection of 18+ year-old registered voters in all Nevada counties. Additionally, Precision specifically purchased Hispanic/Latino, Asian-American/Pacific Islander (AAPI), as well as a sample from rural Nevada counties (defined as not Clark or Washoe Counties). The second group of samples used for this project was obtained using information available from telephone companies and public information to assist with identifying specific demographics and increase the likelihood of reaching a target population for the aforementioned ethnic and geographic groups.

Intuify Research Survey Administration Procedures

Intuify worked with Precision Opinion to field and facilitate the 2023 ATS. Precision Opinion utilizes Voxco software for its CATI system. Prior to the work on the survey, Intuify and Precision thoroughly tested the survey before fielding. Precision staff also attended a survey-specific training session. Training included a refresher session that covered the following topics: a) interviewer roles and responsibilities, b) importance of maintaining strict confidentiality and general principles of survey administration, c) interviewing procedures, including how to probe survey questions and specific guidelines for probing for numbers, pre-coded questions and any open-ended questions, d) how to maximize respondent cooperation, e) operation of CATI software, and f) general administration procedures. Survey interviewers also received detailed training regarding the specifics of the study which included a project overview, study-specific interviewing procedures, and a detailed discussion of the questionnaire contents. Any interviewers that joined the project after the initial training went through an identical training process, supervised by Precision staff, before being allowed to dial on the project.

The interviewing process was monitored by Precision performance managers and quality assurance supervisors. At least one performance manager was present at all times during the data collection period to assure the quality and integrity of the data collection process. The phone room performance manager was able to instantaneously address any problems that might arise in the field. Precision's CATI software Voxco allows for audio and visual monitoring of any call on the project. The CATI software has visual monitoring capabilities built in; thus, supervisors are able to see what is on an interviewer's screen as data is being entered as well as hear both sides of the interview, through the Voxco dialing system. Both the auditory and visual monitoring systems allow for unobtrusive monitoring.

Disposition codes defined by the American Association of Public Opinion Researchers (AAPOR) were used to code all numbers and to determine the Response Rate 4 (RR4). Response Rate 4 represents the number of complete and partial interviews, divided by the number of interviews (complete or partial), plus the number of non-interviews (refusal + break-off + noncontacts + others), plus all cases of unknown eligibility, and an estimate of what proportion of the cases of unknown eligibility (Response Rate 4: $RR4 = \frac{I+P}{(I+P)+(R+NC+O)+e(UH+UO)}$). The proportion of interviews that were collected from the wireless sampling frames was 28.1% out of all completed interviews. The combined response rate between landline phone sample and cellular phone sample was 3.4%.

Weighting

Sample weights were calculated to adjust for unequal probabilities of selection and non-response bias resulting from differential response rates across a variety of demographic groups. Post-stratification variables included region, gender, race, and ethnicity, therefore respondents that did not report this information (n = 36) were not included when the data were analyzed, except for the demographic data. Population characteristics for Nevada were based on 2022 U.S. Census Bureau estimates (U.S. Census Bureau, 2023). The weighting process helps to more accurately represent the population of Nevada as a whole, therefore weighted data were used for all analyses. Other than the demographic information of the survey respondents, only weighted data are presented in this report.

Based on the final sample of weighted data (n = 764), the overall margin of error for statewide data is +/-3.5 percentage points at the 95% confidence level. However, individuals could choose not to respond to individual items within the survey so the sample size, and therefore the margin of error, could vary for each item. The margin of error by region in Nevada at the 95% confidence level is +/-5 for Clark county, +/-7.7 for Washoe county, and +/-6.8 for the rural counties. In addition, there is a considerably larger margin of error when examining data by gender and by race given the smaller sample size within each of these groups. Sample sizes were extremely small for Alaskan Native/Native American and Multiracial groups therefore their data may not as accurately represent the behaviors and attitudes of their group as whole as well as those in other racial categories. Margin of errors for each individual item can be requested from NICRP staff.

SURVEY RESULTS

The following sections provide results for each category of questions asked on the Adult Tobacco Survey: demographics, tobacco smoking, smokeless tobacco, electronic cigarettes and vape products, marijuana/cannabis, water pipes, cessation behavior, secondhand smoke, and knowledge, attitudes, and perceptions about tobacco use and policies. With the exception of demographics, all results tables in the sections that follow present weighted data that is representative of the adult population of Nevada.

Demographics of Survey Respondents

The following table provides the un-weighted and weighted sample characteristics for the 764 respondents whose responses are presented throughout the remainder of this report. Though 800 individuals completed the survey, 36 of them did not provide sufficient demographic information (missing region, gender, race, or ethnicity) to be included in the weighted analysis.

Table 1. Survey Demographics

Table 1. Janvey Bennographics	N=764	Percent	Weighted Frequency	Weighted Percent (CI+ 3.5)
County				
Clark	430	56.3%	1,757,569	73.8%
Rural Areas	144	18.8%	267,817	11.3%
Washoe	190	24.9%	355,171	14.9%
Gender				
Male	347	45.4%	1,201,161	50.5%
Female	417	54.6%	1,179,396	49.5%
Age				
18-24	10	1.3%	81,044	3.4%
25-34	34	4.5%	181,998	7.6%
35-44	46	6.0%	170,819	7.2%
45-54	64	8.4%	282,447	11.9%
55-64	85	11.1%	323,608	13.6%
65-74	194	25.4%	505,437	21.2%
75+	310	40.6%	792,456	33.3%
Prefer not to answer	21	2.7%	42,748	1.8%
Race/Ethnicity				
American Indian/Alaska Native, Non-Hispanic	11	1.4%	18,280	0.8%
Asian, Non-Hispanic	17	2.2%	216,397	9.1%
Black or African American, Non-Hispanic	47	6.2%	216,784	9.1%
Hispanic / Latino	69	9.0%	643,079	27.0%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	5	0.7%	13,259	0.6%
White, Non-Hispanic	595	77.9%	1,212,774	50.9%
Multiple Races	20	2.6%	59,984	2.5%
Household Income				
Less than \$15,000	18	2.4%	50,630	2.1%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	49	6.4%	127,242	5.3%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	42	5.5%	92,236	3.9%
\$35,000 to \$44,999	51	6.7%	185,949	7.8%
\$45,000 to \$54,999	65	8.5%	161,009	6.8%
\$55,000 to \$64,999	53	6.9%	160,364	6.7%
\$65,000 to \$74,999	80	10.5%	256,512	10.8%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	87	11.4%	300,467	12.6%
\$100,000 or more	205	26.8%	729,004	30.6%
Don't know	33	4.3%	116,980	4.9%
Prefer not to answer	81	10.6%	200,164	8.4%

Table 1. Survey Demographics (Con't.)	N=764	Percent	Weighted Frequency	Weighted Percent (CI+3.5)
Education Level				
Eighth grade or less	1	0.1%	2,712	0.1%
Some high school (grades 9-11)	13	1.7%	44,708	1.9%
Grade 12 or GED certificate (high school graduate)	135	17.7%	446,472	18.8%
Some technical school	4	0.5%	8,678	0.4%
Technical school graduate	8	1.0%	17,288	0.7%
Some college	184	24.1%	546,811	23.0%
College graduate	232	30.4%	764,067	32.1%
Post-graduate or professional degree	175	22.9%	515,694	21.7%
Don't know	9	1.2%	27,943	1.2%
Prefer not to answer	3	0.4%	6,184	0.3%
Sexual Orientation*				
Heterosexual (Straight)	680	89.0%	2,110,740	88.7%
Gay or Lesbian	14	1.8%	53,575	2.3%
Bisexual	21	2.7%	106,576	4.5%
Different Identity	9	1.2%	15,773	0.7%
Other	3	0.4%	7,927	0.3%
Don't know	10	1.3%	22,790	1.0%
Prefer not to answer	27	3.5%	63,176	2.7%
Type of Housing				
House	615	80.5%	1,947,265	81.8%
Duplex or two-unit building	12	1.6%	25,651	1.1%
Building/apartment with 3 or more units	94	12.3%	290,328	12.2%
Mobile or manufactured home	32	4.2%	73,903	3.1%
Temporary housing (i.e. w/friend or relative/motel/shelter/ street)	5	0.7%	12,774	0.5%
Prefer not to answer	6	0.8%	30,636	1.3%

Tobacco Smoking

All respondents were asked whether they had smoked *any* type of tobacco product within the past 30 days, including cigarettes, cigars, and pipes, but excluding marijuana/cannabis. As seen in Table 2, a larger percentage of respondents reported smoking in the past 30 days (14.5%) this year as compared to last year (10.6%). Similarly, of those that had not smoked in the past 30 days, a larger percentage reported smoking in the past (48.8%) this year as compared to last year (43.3%).

Table 2. Prevalence of tobacco smoking

	2022	2023	Percent Change
Smoked at least once in past 30 days	10.6%	14.5%	36.8%
Smoked in the past but not in last 30 days	43.3%	48.8%	12.7%

Products Smoked by Current Tobacco Users

Respondents that indicated that they had smoked at least once in the past 30 days were asked to indicate which products they had smoked. As seen in Table 3, non-menthol manufactured cigarettes were the most frequently used type of product among survey respondents this year (63.4%) and last year (67.9%).

Table 3. Types of tobacco products smoked in the last 30 days

Tobacco products used in past 30 days	2022	2023		Percent Change	:
Manufactured cigarettes	67.9%	63.4%	-6.6%		
Menthols (manufactured)	19.3%	26.4%			36.8%
Cigars, cheroots, or cigarillos	13.0%	14.4%			10.8%
Pipes full of tobacco	4.0%	6.1%			52.5%
Hand-rolled cigarettes	3.1%	0.6%	-80.6%		
Water pipe/hookah session	1.6%	5.5%			243.8%
Flavored little cigars	1.6%	2.5%			56.3%
Other	0.0%	3.3%		N/A	

Smokeless Tobacco

This year, only one question was asked with regard to smokeless tobacco use: "Have you used smokeless tobacco at least once in the past 30 days?" Only 1.5% of respondents indicated that they had used smokeless tobacco in the past 30 days with 98.5% indicating that they had not.

Electronic Cigarettes and Vape Products

As seen in Table 4, a smaller percentage of respondents indicated that they had not used electronic cigarettes or vape products in the last 30 days this year (92.3%) as compared to last year (94.7%) which represents a 2.5% decrease in non-use.

Table 4. Electronic and vape product use in past 30 days

	2022	2023	Percent Change	
Used at least once in past 30 days	5.3%	7.3%	37.7%	
Not used in the past 30 days	94.7%	92.3%	-2.5%	

As seen in Table 5, of the 7.3% that had used electronic cigarettes or vape products in the past 30 days, 56.7% indicated that they used a flavor other than menthol, mint, or tobacco such as fruit, candy, alcohol, coffee, vanilla, etc. most often.

Table 5. Electronic cigarette and vape product flavors most used (of those using in past 30 days)

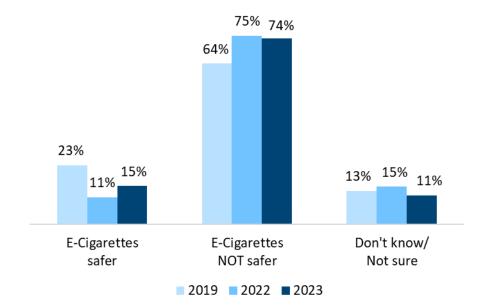
	2022	2023		Percent Change	
Other (fruit, candy, alcohol, coffee, vanilla, etc.)	62.5%	56.7%	-9.3%		
Menthol or mint	12.2%	19.8%			62.3%
Tobacco	10.7%	5.4%	-49.5%		
No flavor/unflavored	9.2%	15.1%			64.1%
Not sure	2.0%	2.9%			45.0%
Prefer not to answer	3.4%	N/A		N/A	

A larger percentage of respondents reported using an electronic cigarette or vape device with marijuana/cannabis, THC, hash oil, or THC wax this year (66.3%) as compared to last year (51.0%).

This year, a larger percentage of respondents indicated that they believe electronic cigarettes or vape products are safer than regular cigarettes (15%) as compared to last year (11%). However, this is still lower than what was reported in 2019 (23%). See Figure 1.

76.5% of those who use electronic cigarettes or vape products use flavors such as fruit, candy, alcohol, vanilla, menthol, and mint most often.

Figure 1. Perceived safety of electronic cigarettes and vape products as compared to regular cigarettes



Marijuana/Cannabis

All respondents were asked if they had used marijuana/cannabis at least once in the past 30 days. As seen in Table 6, a smaller percentage of respondents reported marijuana/cannabis use in the past 30 days this year (14.5%) as compared to last year (15.3%). Similar to last year, the most common ways respondents used marijuana/cannabis in the past 30 days was by smoking (58.0%), eating (22.7%), and vaporizing it (11.9%).

Table 6. Marijuana/Cannabis use and method of use

Marijuana/Cannabis Use	2022	2023		Percent Change	
Used at least once in past 30 days	15.3%	14.5%	-5.2%		
How used most often in past 30 days	2022	2023		Percent Change	
Smoke	65.1%	58.0%	-10.9%		
Eat	23.2%	22.7%	-2.2%		
Vaporize	6.8%	11.9%			75.0%
Dab	3.9%	5.4%			38.5%
Some other way	0.9%	1.3%			44.4%
Don't know/Not sure	0.0%	0.7%		N/A	

A few new questions were added to the survey this year with regard to marijuana/cannabis use. Specifically, those who reported using marijuana/cannabis at least once in the past 30 days were asked how often they use it, where they get it most often, and where they use it most often. The largest percentage of respondents (45.3%) reported using marijuana/cannabis daily or almost daily. The majority of respondents indicated that they most often get their marijuana/cannabis from a dispensary (86.4%) and the majority most often use it inside their home (79.6%). For details, see Table 7.

Source

Table 7. Marijuana/Cannabis use and source details of those who have used in the past 30 days

Fred	quency of use	
	Daily or almost daily	45.3%
	At least once a week, but not daily	23.3%
	At least once a month, but not every week	19.5%
	Less than once a month	9.4%
	Don't know/Not sure	2.5%
Loc	ation of use	
	At home, inside	79.6%
	At home, outside	18.7%
	Vehicle/Car	0.0%
	Other	1.7%

Dispensary	86.4%
Friend/Family member	7.6%
Private source	1.9%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%
Other	2.4%
Don't know/Not sure	0.7%
Refused to answer	1.0%

Water Pipes (Hookah/Shisha/Nargile)

A water pipe, also known as hookah, shisha, and nargile, is a stemmed instrument used to vaporize and smoke flavored tobacco. There was a 15.6% decrease in the percentage of respondents that indicated they had smoked a water pipe in the past 30 days this year (2.7%) as compared to last year (3.2%).

Table 8. Water Pipe Use

Water pipe use in past 30 days	2022	2023	Percent Change	
Used at least once in past 30 days	3.2%	2.7%	-15.6%	
Not used in the past 30 days	95.9%	97.0%		1.1%
Doesn't know/Not sure	0.8%	0.3%	-62.5%	

Respondents who had smoked a water pipe in the past 30 days were asked how many other people they shared the same pipe with the last time they smoked and where they were the last time they smoked. Slightly more than half of respondents (52.6%) indicated that they shared the same pipe with one other person the last time they smoked and the majority of respondents indicated that they last smoked a water pipe at home (59.2%).

Number of other peop	lumber of other people pipe was shared with last		e in past 30 days
time in past 30 days		Home	59.2%
One	52.6%	Bar/Club	15.1%
Two	13.9%	Other	22.0%
Three	33.6%	Refused	3.8%

Cessation Behavior

Several items on the survey assessed cessation methods of those that smoked in the past but not in the past 30 days and those that have smoked or used smokeless tobacco in the past 30 days.

Cessation Methods for Past Smoking Tobacco Use

Respondents who indicated that they do not currently smoke tobacco but did in the past, were asked to specify which methods they used to quit. None of these respondents indicated that they had used 1-800-QUITNOW or web-based cessation services to quit smoking. A small percentage of respondents indicated that they used nicotine replacement therapy (5.4%), e-cigarettes or vaping (2.1%), prescription medications (1.2%), and herbal/homeopathic medicines (0.1%) to quit smoking. As seen in Table 9, there was a decrease in the percentage of respondents that indicated that they used any of these methods this year as compared to last year. However, there was an increase in the percentage of respondents that reported using an "other" method to quit smoking this year (83.1%) as compared to last year (22.6%). This is likely due to the removal of the response option "willpower" from this year's survey.

Table 9. Cessation methods for past smoking tobacco use

2022	2023	Percent Change		2023 Percent		е
0.0%	0.0%	N/A				
0.3%	0.0%	-100.0%				
6.0%	5.4%	-10.0%				
3.4%	1.2%	-64.7%				
0.2%	0.1%	-50.0%				
5.5%	2.1%	-61.8%				
61.2%	N/A		N/A			
22.6%	83.1%			267.7%		
	0.0% 0.3% 6.0% 3.4% 0.2% 5.5% 61.2%	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 6.0% 5.4% 1.2% 0.2% 0.1% 5.5% 2.1% 61.2% N/A	0.0% 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% -100.0% 6.0% 5.4% -10.0% 3.4% 1.2% -64.7% 0.2% 0.1% -50.0% 5.5% 2.1% -61.8% 61.2% N/A	0.0% 0.0% N/A 0.3% 0.0% -100.0% 6.0% 5.4% -10.0% 3.4% 1.2% -64.7% 0.2% 0.1% -50.0% 5.5% 2.1% -61.8% 61.2% N/A N/A		

Of the respondents selecting "other" this year, 83.3% indicated that they stopped "cold turkey" or on their own. Some "other" methods reported by respondents included stopping due to a medical issue (5.8%), relying on prayer or religion (2.3%), switching to marijuana/cannabis (1.8%), and stopping because it made them sick (1.2%).

Cessation Methods for Current Tobacco Use

Of the respondents that reported smoking tobacco or using smokeless tobacco in the past 30 days and had visited a doctor or health care provider in the past 12 months, 41.8% indicated that they had been advised to quit. Of all of the respondents that reported smoking tobacco in the past 30 days, approximately half (49.3%) indicated that they had tried to quit in the past 12 months which is an increase from last year (45.4%). In contrast, a smaller percentage of those who reported using smokeless tobacco in the past 30 days attempted to quit this year (11.8%) as compared to last year (19.4%).

As seen in Table 10 below, the most popular cessation method attempted in the past 12 months among respondents who currently use smokeless tobacco was the same as last year: stopping on their own. However, there was a decrease in the percentage of respondents that tried stopping on their own this year as compared to last year among those who smoke tobacco (-6.5%) and among those who use smokeless tobacco (-11.2%). Those that indicated they used "Other" methods to quit smoking in the last 12 months reported using gum/candy and marijuana to try to stop. Smokeless tobacco users tried using marijuana and tobacco free pouches.

Table 10. Attempted cessation methods in the past 12 months

Cessation methods for current smoking tobacco use	2022	2023		Percent Chang	e
1-800-QUIT-NOW	14.0%	23.7%			69.3%
Group counseling	2.8%	3.9%			39.3%
Nicotine replacement therapy - the patch or gum	32.6%	45.0%			38.0%
Prescription medications, for example Zyban or Chantix	11.9%	6.2%	-47.9%		
Herbal/Homeopathic medicines	7.4%	0.0%	-100.0%		
On your own	81.5%	76.2%	-6.5%		
Other	30.7%	14.3%	-53.4%		

essation methods for current smokeless tobacco use	2022	2023	Pe	ercent Chang	e
1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%		N/A	
Group counseling	0.0%	0.0%		N/A	
Nicotine replacement therapy - the patch or gum	11.2%	5.8%	-48.2%		
Prescription medications, for example Zyban or Chantix	0.0%	0.0%		N/A	
Herbal/Homeopathic medicines	0.0%	5.8%		N/A	
On your own	100.0%	88.8%	-11.2%		
Other	11.2%	17.0%			51.8%

Among respondents that tried to quit smoking or quit using smokeless tobacco in the past 12 months, there was in increase in the percentage that were aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW this year as compared to last year (52.1% increase among smokers and 10.3% among smokeless tobacco users).

Secondhand Smoke

Exposure to secondhand smoke has been linked to increased risk for multiple negative health outcomes. The two most common locations of secondhand smoke exposure are home and work. In Nevada, smoking is still allowed inside most casinos, exposing many individuals to secondhand smoke during each work shift. A series of questions on the 2023 ATS was used to assess the exposure of Nevada residents to secondhand smoke.

The majority of respondents reported that smoking is never allowed in their home (71.2%). However, this is a decrease from last year when 77.0% of respondents reported that smoking is never allowed in their home. See Table 11 for details regarding respondents' rules about smoking inside their homes.

Table 11. Smoking rules at home

Rules about smoking inside of homes, including tobacco and marijuana/cannabis

	2022	2023		Percent Change	}
Allowed	3.3%	5.9%			78.8%
Not allowed, but exceptions	8.0%	13.0%			62.5%
Never allowed	77.0%	71.2%	-7.5%		
No rules	11.3%	9.6%	-15.0%		
Don't know/Not sure	0.3%	0.3%			0.0%

Overall, 66.0% of respondents reported being exposed to secondhand tobacco smoke and 45.3% of respondents reported being exposed to secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke. However, the majority of respondents indicated that they are never exposed to secondhand smoke in their homes (77.0%). See Table 12 for details.

Table 12. Secondhand smoke exposure

Frequency of exposure to secondhand smoke		Either	
	Tobacco	Cannabis	at Home
Daily	11.7%	6.9%	5.1%
Weekly	19.7%	9.6%	4.0%
Monthly	15.2%	11.2%	4.4%
Less than monthly	19.4%	17.6%	8.9%
Never	32.6%	54.2%	77.0%
Don't know/Not sure	1.2%	0.4%	0.5%
Refused	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%

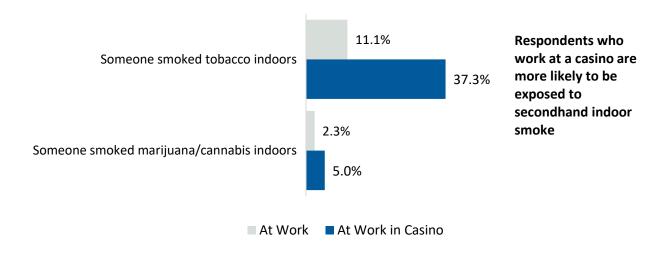
The percentage of respondents that are never exposed to secondhand smoke in their homes is higher among respondents that live in a house (81.0%) or temporary housing such as with a friend or relative or in a motel or shelter, or on the street (81.4%). Respondents that live in duplexes or two-unit buildings and apartments or condominiums with three or more units were less likely to report never being exposed to secondhand smoke while in their homes (duplexes and two-unit buildings = 53.0% and apartments or condominiums = 58.4%).

This year a question was added to the survey asking respondents if they own or rent their housing. A larger percentage of respondents that own indicated that secondhand smoke from cigarettes or marijuana/cannabis never infiltrates their homes (80.5%) as compared to those that rent (66.7%).

A larger percentage of those that rent are exposed to secondhand smoke as compared to those that own their housing.

As seen in Figure 2, a larger percentage of respondents that work outside of the home in a casino reported being exposed to someone who smoked tobacco or marijuana/cannabis indoors in the past 30 days than those who work outside of the home but not in a casino.

Figure 2. Smoking exposure at work in the past 30 days



Knowledge, Attitudes, & Perceptions

The 2023 ATS included questions to help inform where respondents get their health information and to assess their attitudes and perceptions regarding secondhand smoke and potential legislation regarding tobacco.

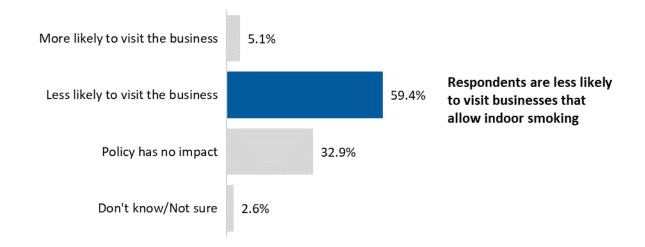
When respondents were asked to select all of their sources of health information from a list (newspapers or magazines, television, radio, billboards, bus stop benches/shelters, internet ads or web banners, and social media), the most common source selected was television (35.1%). However, there was a "somewhere else" option on the survey as well and this option was selected by 36.8% of the respondents. Among those that indicated they get health information from "somewhere else," the most common sources were medical providers (39.0%) and the internet (20.5%).

More than 80% of respondents believe that people should be protected from secondhand tobacco and marijuana/cannabis smoke.

The majority of respondents indicated that, based on what they know or believe, people should be protected from secondhand tobacco smoke (87.0%) and secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke (84.0%).

This year, a new question was added to the survey to assess how likely respondents were to visit businesses that allow indoor smoking. As seen in Figure 3, the majority of respondents (59.4%) indicated that they would be less likely to visit a business if it allows indoor smoking.

Figure 3. Likelihood of respondents to visit a business that allows indoor smoking



Tobacco Laws and Regulations

To assess attitudes toward potential laws regarding tobacco, respondents were presented with 11 potential laws related to indoor smoking, outdoor smoking, smoking on college campuses, tobacco sales and taxes, and advertisement. Respondents were asked if they favored or opposed each potential law. The potential law with which the largest percentage of respondents was in favor of was, "Prohibiting smoking close to the entrances of businesses and public buildings" (68.4%). This potential law was presented to respondents in last year's survey and also garnered the most support of all of the potential laws presented to respondents then, with 66.7% in favor of it. The percent of respondents in favor of each potential law presented this year is provided in Table 13. There were four potential laws that were presented to respondents last year using the same wording. For those potential laws, the percent of respondents in favor of them last year is also provided in Table 13.

Table 13. Percent in favor of potential tobacco related laws

Indoor smoking	2022	2023	Increased support
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in indoor areas of multi-unit			
housing complexes such as apartments and condominiums	N/A	56.1%	N/A
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor casino gaming areas	N/A	53.0%	N/A
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor bars and nightclubs	N/A	45.0%	N/A
Outdoor smoking	2022	2023	Increased support
_	2022	2023	ilicieaseu support
Prohibiting smoking close to the entrances of businesses and public buildings	66.7%	68.4%	
·	00.770	00.4%	
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in outdoor public places, such			
as the parks and playgrounds (i.e., places where children are	FC 00/	F2 40/	
likely to be present)	56.8%	53.4%	
Smoking on college campuses	2022	2023	Increased support
Prohibiting smoking and vaping anywhere on college			• •
campuses	N/A	61.0%	N/A
Tobacco sales and taxes	2022	2023	Increased support
Limiting the number of tobacco retail shops in your			
community, for example near schools and parks	N/A	58.9%	N/A
Increasing taxes on tobacco products, including e-cigarettes			
and vapor products	N/A	58.3%	N/A
Prohibiting flavors that attract youth such as cherry, cotton			
candy, mint, and menthol in tobacco products, including			
electronic vapor products	54.5%	57.3%	
Advertisement	2022	2023	Increased support
Limiting advertisements for tobacco and vaping products	N/A	64.4%	N/A
Prohibiting advertisements for all marijuana/cannabis	14,71	U 11.170	14//
products	45.9%	49.9%	
products	75.570	75.570	_

Last year, and again this year, respondents were asked how much they agree or disagree that cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years. This year, a larger percentage of respondents agreed or strongly agreed with this statement (51.7%) as compared to last year (45.8%). The percent change in responses to this question can be seen in Table 14.

Table 14. Agreement with, "Cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years"

Cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years

	2022	2023		Percent	Change	
Agree or Strongly agree	45.8%	51.7%			12.9%	
Disagree or Strongly disagree	53.1%	46.5%	-12.4%			
Unsure	1.2%	1.7%			41.7%	

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APPENDIX A: Comparison of ATS Results - 2016/2019/2022/2023

The following table provides a comparison of the results of the ATS questions across years of administration. Many items have changed between implementations of the survey; therefore, the comparison table below only includes items that appear in the 2023 ATS and at least one other previous survey. All of the data presented were weighted using county, race, and gender.

	2016	2019	2022	2023	2022/2023 % change
ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE ATTITUDES & USE					
Believes e-cigarettes/vapor products are safer than regular cigarettes	21.1%	23.3%	10.6%	15.1%	42.5%
Used e-cigarettes/vapor products in past 30 days	26.4%	11.3%	5.3%	7.3%	37.7%
Used e-cigarette/vapor product with THC in past 30 days*	N/A	N/A	51.0%	66.3%	30.0%
E-cigarette/vapor product flavors used most by current users:					
Tobacco ¹	N/A	N/A	10.7%	5.4%	-49.5%
Menthol or mint flavor ¹	N/A	N/A	12.2%	19.8%	62.3%
Some other flavor like fruit, candy, alcohol, coffee, vanilla, etc1	N/A	N/A	62.5%	56.7%	-9.3%
No flavor/unflavored¹	N/A	N/A	9.2%	15.1%	64.1%
SMOKING TOBACCO USE					
Smoked tobacco in past 30 days	14.8%	17.5%	10.6%	14.5%	36.8%
Smoked tobacco in the past**	38.8%	42.3%	43.3%	48.8%	12.7%
Types of tobacco products smoked in the past 30 days:					
Hand-rolled cigarettes	2.7%	8.1%	3.1%	0.6%	-80.6%
Kreteks	3.6%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Pipes of tobacco	1.4%	5.3%	4.0%	6.1%	52.5%
Cigars/cheeroots/cigarillos	10.4%	23.9%	13.0%	14.4%	10.8%
Water pipe/hookah	7.1%	7.8%	1.6%	5.5%	243.8%
Manufactured cigarettes	36.2%	67.5%	67.9%	63.4%	-6.6%
Menthols	29.2%	25.7%	19.3%	26.4%	36.8%
Other tobacco products	0.4%	2.7%	0.0%	3.3%	N/A
Flavored little cigars	5.6%	2.4%	1.6%	2.5%	56.3%
MARIJUANA/CANNABIS USE					
Used marijuana/cannabis in past 30 days	N/A	N/A	15.3%	14.5%	-5.2%
Way marijuana/cannabis was most often used in past 30 days:					
Smoke ²	N/A	N/A	65.1%	58.0%	-10.9%
Eat ²	N/A	N/A	23.2%	22.7%	-2.2%
Drink ²	N/A	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Vaporize ²	N/A	N/A	6.8%	11.9%	75.0%
Dab ²	N/A	N/A	3.9%	5.4%	38.5%
Some other way ²	N/A	N/A	0.9%	1.3%	44.4%
SMOKELESS TOBACCO USE					
Used smokeless tobacco in past 30 days	2.8%	3.2%	2.3%	1.5%	34.8%

N/A: Data not available

^{*}Only asked of those who used e-cigarettes/vapor products in the past 30 days.

^{**}Only asked of those who had not smoked in past 30 days.

	2016	2019	2022	2023	2022/2023 % change
CESSATION BEHAVIOR OF CURRENT TOBACCO USERS					
Tried to stop smoking in past year	45.8%	43.5%	45.4%	49.3%	8.6%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop smoking in past yea	ar:				
Group counseling	0.0%	1.4%	2.8%	3.9%	39.3%
Nicotine Replacement	28.3%	25.1%	32.6%	45.0%	38.0%
Other Prescriptions	13.1%	15.0%	11.9%	6.2%	-47.9%
Herbal/Homeopathic	4.3%	5.4%	7.4%	0.0%	-100.0%
Tried stopping on own/using willpower*	95.7%	92.2%	81.5%	76.2%	-6.5%
Other methods	22.9%	7.8%	30.7%	14.3%	-53.4%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	68.1%	46.8%	49.5%	75.3%	52.1%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	10.2%	3.3%	14.0%	23.7%	69.3%
Tried to stop using smokeless tobacco in past year	30.6%	40.0%	19.4%	11.8%	-39.2%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop using smokeless to	bacco in past year:				
Group counseling	0.0%	8.4%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Nicotine Replacement	0.0%	56.6%	11.2%	5.8%	-48.2%
Other Prescriptions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.8%	N/A
Tried stopping on own/using willpower*	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	88.8%	-11.2%
Other methods	24.9%	6.9%	11.2%	17.0%	51.8%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	24.9%	17.9%	70.1%	77.3%	10.3%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A

N/A: Data not available
*The language of this question in 2023 did not reference the use of willpower but only stopping on one's own.

	2016	2019	2022	2023	2022/2023 % change
SECONDHAND SMOKE (SHS) EXPOSURE IN THE HOME & AT WORK					
Smoking is allowed inside home ¹	5.7%	5.9%	3.3%	5.9%	78.8%
Smoking generally not allowed in home, but exceptions ¹	4.1%	5.0%	8.0%	13.0%	62.5%
Smoking never allowed in home ¹	86.0%	85.7%	77.0%	71.2%	-7.5%
No rules about smoking in home¹	4.2%	3.4%	11.3%	9.6%	-12.7%
Works outside the home	64.1%	66.9%	42.7%	34.7%	-18.7%
Works outside the home in a casino	12.2%	11.8%	10.1%	10.7%	5.9%
Someone smoked tobacco indoors at work in past 30 days	N/A	N/A	9.7%	14.2%	46.4%
Someone smoked marijuana/cannabis indoors at work in past 30 days	N/A	N/A	3.7%	2.6%	-29.7%
FAVORING THE FOLLOWING TOBACCO LAWS/REGULATIONS					
Increasing taxes on tobacco products*	67.7%	66.5%	62.4%	58.3%	-6.6%
Prohibiting smoking close to entrances	N/A	N/A	66.7%	68.4%	2.5%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor casino gaming areas*	N/A	N/A	58.2%	53.0%	-8.9%
Prohibiting flavors that attract youth	N/A	N/A	54.5%	57.3%	5.1%
Prohibiting advertisements for all marijuana/cannabis products	N/A	N/A	45.9%	49.9%	8.7%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in outdoor public places	N/A	N/A	56.8%	53.4%	-6.0%
Phasing out cigarette sales over next 5 years					
Strongly agree ²	N/A	N/A	17.4%	22.1%	27.0%
Agree ²	N/A	N/A	28.4%	29.6%	4.2%
Disagree ²	N/A	N/A	34.0%	27.3%	-19.7%
Strongly disagree ²	N/A	N/A	19.1%	19.2%	0.5%
WATER PIPE/HOOKAH USE					
Currently uses water pipes/hookah	2.2%	7.8%	3.2%	2.7%	-15.6%
Last session with at least 1 other person	91.0%	86.5%	87.2%	89.6%	2.8%
Where last smoked water pipe:					
Last smoked hookah at home ³	60.8%	51.5%	56.0%	59.2%	5.7%
Last smoked hookah at a bar/club ³	15.4%	36.0%	9.6%	15.1%	57.3%
Last smoked hookah at a restaurant ³	6.3%	7.8%	2.5%	0.0%	-100.0%
Last smoked somewhere other than home, a bar/club, or a restaurant ³	17.5%	4.3%	27.3%	22.0%	-19.4%

N/A: Data not available

^{*}The wording of these items was not identical for the year's being compared but were very similar.

APPENDIX B: Comparison of 2023 ATS Results by Race/Ethnicity

It is important to examine the prevalence of tobacco product use and public perceptions of the public by race/ethnicity. This comparison can help determine if there is a need to target outreach efforts and messaging toward particular racial/ethnic groups. The following table provides an overview of the use of smoking tobacco products and perceptions of respondents by racial/ethnic group. However, these results should be interpreted cautiously due to the variability in response rates of respondents by race/ethnicity (Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (0.6%), American Indian/Alaska Native (0.8%), multiple races (2.5%), Asian (9.1%), African American/Black (9.1%), Hispanic (27.0%) and White/Caucasian (50.9%).

	STATE	WHITE/ CAUC	AFR.AMER. /BLACK	ASIAN	NHPI	AI/AN	HISPANIC	MULTIPLE
ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE ATTITUDES & USE								
Believes e-cigarettes/vapor products are safer than regular cigarettes	15.1%	11.2%	27.8%	22.6%	0.0%	11.1%	15.7%	18.6%
Used e-cigarettes/vapor products in past 30 days	7.3%	4.4%	4.8%	4.7%	16.0%	23.4%	14.0%	6.4%
Used e-cigarette/vapor product with THC in past 30 days*	66.3%	42.9%	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%	55.4%	78.8%	0.0%
E-cigarette/vapor product flavors used most by current	users:							
Tobacco ¹	5.4%	17.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Menthol or mint ¹	19.8%	3.5%	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	10.7%	100.0%
Flavor like fruit, candy, alcohol, coffee, vanilla, etc. ¹	56.7%	61.4%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	64.8%	0.0%
No flavor/Unflavored ¹	15.1%	7.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.5%	0.0%
SMOKING TOBACCO USE								
Smoked tobacco in past 30 days	14.5%	13.7%	18.2%	7.1%	32.1%	27.6%	17.8%	1.9%
Smoked tobacco in the past**	48.8%	50.5%	32.0%	27.0%	76.4%	26.3%	57.9%	64.1%
Types of tobacco products smoked in past 30 days:								
Hand-rolled cigarettes	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	37.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Kreteks	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pipes of tobacco	6.1%	4.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.1%	0.0%
Cigars/cheeroots/cigarillos	14.4%	9.5%	27.6%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	16.6%	0.0%
Water pipe/hookah	5.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.6%	0.0%
Manufactured cigarettes	63.4%	73.7%	45.9%	0.0%	0.0%	62.1%	65.0%	100.0%
Menthols	26.4%	17.5%	54.1%	100.0%	0.0%	22.0%	21.2%	0.0%
Other tobacco products	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%
Flavored little cigars	2.5%	3.1%	8.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SMOKELESS TOBACCO USE								
Used smokeless tobacco in past 30 days	1.5%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%

Abbreviations: NHPI = Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander; AI/AN = American Indian/Alaska Native

Superscript: Items on this page with the same superscript number total 100%. For groups totaling less than 100%, the difference is due to individuals who were unsure or preferred not to answer.

^{*}Only asked of those who used e-cigarettes/vapor products in the past 30 days.

^{**}Only asked of those who did not smoke tobacco in the past 30 days.

	STATE	WHITE/ CAUC	AFR.AMER./ BLACK	ASIAN	NHPI	AI/AN	HISPANIC	MULTIPLE
MARIJUANA/CANNABIS USE HISTORY								
Used marijuana/cannabis in past 30 days	14.5%	11.6%	21.3%	11.8%	26.0%	29.5%	18.1%	12.9%
Frequency of marijuana/cannabis use*:								
Daily or almost daily	45.3%	51.7%	46.3%	0.0%	0.0%	20.6%	46.0%	100.0%
At least once a week, but not daily	23.3%	26.8%	23.2%	79.2%	0.0%	44.0%	8.2%	0.0%
At least once a month, but not every week	19.5%	7.2%	23.0%	20.8%	0.0%	35.5%	33.9%	0.0%
Less than once a month	9.4%	10.7%	7.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.9%	0.0%
Don't know/Not sure	2.5%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Way marijuana/cannabis was most often used in past	30 days*:							
Smoke ¹	58.0%	58.1%	69.8%	39.6%	0.0%	100.0%	57.6%	50.0%
Eat ¹	22.7%	20.9%	22.6%	39.6%	100.0%	0.0%	18.0%	50.0%
Drink ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vaporize ¹	11.9%	13.3%	7.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.2%	0.0%
Dab¹	5.4%	2.7%	0.0%	20.8%	0.0%	0.0%	8.2%	0.0%
Some other way ¹	1.3%	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Where marijuana/cannabis obtained most often*:								
Dispensary	86.4%	83.1%	92.5%	60.4%	0.0%	64.5%	96.2%	100.0%
Private source	1.9%	4.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Friend/Family member	7.6%	7.1%	0.0%	39.6%	0.0%	35.5%	3.8%	0.0%
Other	2.4%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Don't know/Not sure	0.7%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	1.0%	0.0%	7.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Where marijuana/cannabis used most often*:								
At home, inside	79.6%	78.9%	46.1%	60.4%	0.0%	56.0%	100.0%	100.0%
At home, outside	18.7%	19.4%	53.9%	39.6%	0.0%	44.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vehicle/car	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Outdoors in a public place	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Festivals/Concerts	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Casino	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bar/Nightclub	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	1.7%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Don't know/Not sure	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Abbreviations: NHPI = Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander; AI/AN = American Indian/Alaska Native *Only asked of those who used marijuana/cannabis in the past 30 days.

	STATE	WHITE/ CAUC	AFR.AMER. /BLACK	ASIAN	NHPI	AI/AN	HISPANIC	MULTIPLE
TOBACCO CESSATION BEHAVIOR			•					
Advised to quit tobacco use during last doctor visit	41.8%	51.6%	36.0%	65.5%	0.0%	0.0%	29.2%	N/A
Tried to stop smoking in past year	49.3%	31.8%	81.7%	65.5%	50.0%	0.0%	63.1%	100.0%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop smoking	in past yea	r:						
Group counseling	3.9%	12.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%
Nicotine replacement	45.0%	45.0%	21.7%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	63.7%	0.0%
Other prescriptions	6.2%	19.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%
Tried stopping on own	76.2%	80.2%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	N/A	58.2%	100.0%
Other methods	14.3%	9.2%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	N/A	13.2%	0.0%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	75.3%	81.3%	55.4%	100.0%	100.0%	N/A	78.1%	100.0%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	23.7%	14.4%	19.5%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	36.7%	0.0%
Reason for not trying 1-800-QUIT-NOW*								
Didn't know about it ¹	11.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	32.1%	0.0%
Didn't think it would help me ¹	16.4%	17.8%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	26.6%	0.0%
Wasn't comfortable using it1	2.2%	5.8%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹	69.7%	76.4%	100.0%	100.0%	N/A	N/A	41.3%	100.0%
Tried to stop using smokeless tobacco in past year	11.8%	6.4%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	24.4%	N/A
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop using sm	okeless tob	acco in past	t year:					
Group counseling	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Nicotine replacement	5.8%	17.1%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Other prescriptions	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Herbal/Homeopathic	5.8%	17.1%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Tried stopping on own	88.8%	67.1%	N/A	N/A	100.0%	N/A	100.0%	N/A
Other methods	17.0%	50.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	77.3%	32.9%	N/A	N/A	100.0%	N/A	100.0%	N/A
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Reason for not trying 1-800-QUIT-NOW*								
Didn't know about it ²	23.4%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	31.5%	N/A
Didn't think it would help me ²	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Wasn't comfortable using it ²	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Other ²	76.6%	100.0%	N/A	N/A	100.0%	N/A	68.5%	N/A
Cessation methods among those who smoked in the p	ast:							
1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Web-based cessation service	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nicotine replacement	5.8%	6.8%	6.1%	18.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	10.2%
Other prescriptions	1.2%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E-cigarettes or vaping	2.9%	3.7%	6.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%
Other	82.2%	82.6%	93.9%	100.0%	100.0%	31.9%	75.6%	89.8%
Don't know/Not sure	10.7%	6.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	68.1%	21.3%	10.2%
Prefer not to answer	0.5%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Abbreviations: NHPI = Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander; AI/AN = American Indian/Alaska Native

Superscript: Items on this page with the same superscript number total 100%. For groups totaling less than 100%, the difference is due to individuals who were unsure or preferred not to answer.

^{*}Only asked of those who did not use 1-800-QUIT-NOW in the past 12 months.

N/A: Not applicable

	STATE	WHITE/ CAUC	AFR.AMER./ BLACK	ASIAN	NHPI	AI/AN	HISPANIC	MULTIPLE
SECONDHAND SMOKE EXPOSURE								
Rules about smoking in home:								
Smoking allowed ¹	5.9%	5.6%	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.8%	8.0%
Smoking not allowed, but exceptions ¹	13.0%	9.8%	8.3%	11.8%	0.0%	19.0%	21.2%	12.9%
Smoking never allowed ¹	71.2%	73.5%	78.7%	88.2%	100.0%	64.4%	59.3%	59.9%
No rules about smoking ¹	9.6%	10.5%	8.1%	0.0%	0.0%	16.5%	10.7%	19.3%
Frequency of secondhand tobacco smoke exposure:								
Daily ²	11.7%	10.4%	19.6%	2.5%	42.0%	20.9%	12.3%	26.9%
Weekly ²	19.7%	18.3%	11.5%	22.6%	32.1%	27.0%	23.1%	25.4%
Monthly ²	15.2%	14.3%	4.8%	35.9%	0.0%	0.0%	14.1%	17.3%
Less than monthly ²	19.4%	24.9%	19.4%	7.1%	0.0%	30.1%	13.5%	16.3%
Never ²	32.6%	30.2%	41.2%	31.9%	26.0%	22.0%	37.1%	8.0%
Frequency of secondhand marijuana/cannabis smok	e exposure:							
Daily ³	6.9%	4.7%	6.5%	0.0%	0.%	23.4%	11.8%	19.3%
Weekly ³	9.6%	6.4%	6.4%	15.7%	42.0%	10.5%	13.8%	12.2%
Monthly ³	11.2%	7.0%	11.6%	20.4%	16.0%	0.0%	15.6%	18.6%
Less than monthly ³	17.6%	18.8%	17.9%	9.3%	0.0%	15.9%	18.9%	12.2%
Never ³	54.2%	62.2%	57.5%	54.5%	42.0%	50.2%	39.9%	37.7%
Frequency of secondhand cigarette or marijuana/car	nnabis infiltra	iting home/re	esidence:					
Daily ⁴	5.1%	5.5%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%	10.5%	5.1%	14.7%
Weekly ⁴	4.0%	1.8%	4.9%	13.3%	0.0%	0.0%	5.4%	0.0%
Monthly ⁴	4.4%	3.4%	6.5%	2.5%	16.0%	17.2%	5.7%	6.1%
Less than monthly ⁴	8.9%	7.7%	0.0%	2.5%	0.0%	22.8%	15.2%	19.0%
Never ⁴	77.0%	81.0%	83.7%	81.8%	84.0%	49.6%	67.9%	60.2%
Works outside the home	34.7%	26.5%	37.6%	32.2%	32.1%	22.0%	50.0%	37.9%
Works in a casino	10.7%	6.5%	12.6%	41.3%	0.0%	0.0%	6.5%	32.1%
Someone smoked tobacco indoors at work in past 30 days	14.2%	12.8%	8.2%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%	19.7%	16.1%
Someone smoked marijuana/cannabis indoors at work in past 30 days	2.6%	2.9%	8.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Type of housing:								
House ⁵	81.8%	79.7%	86.9%	100.0%	74.0%	70.5%	78.7%	79.2%
Duplex or two-unit building ⁵	1.1%	1.5%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.1%
Apartment or condo building with 3+ units ⁵	12.2%	13.1%	11.3%	0.0%	0.0%	6.1%	15.1%	14.7%
Mobile/manufactured ⁵	3.1%	4.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.5%	2.9%	0.0%
Temporary housing ⁵	0.5%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	26.0%	13.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Abbreviations: NHPI = Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander; AI/AN = American Indian/Alaska Native

	STATE	WHITE/ CAUC	AFR.AMER./ BLACK	ASIAN	NHPI	AI/AN	HISPANIC	MULTIPLE
SOURCES OF HEALTH INFORMATION								
Newspapers or magazines	24.3%	28.7%	22.9%	17.9%	0.0%	0.0%	18.9%	36.0%
Television	35.1%	36.6%	52.5%	23.3%	26.0%	28.9%	30.5%	37.5%
Radio	10.8%	11.0%	13.1%	9.3%	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	29.5%
Billboards	7.0%	6.0%	9.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.6%	6.4%
Bus stop benches/shelters	4.0%	3.6%	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.9%	6.4%
Internet ads or web banner	31.3%	25.1%	32.9%	59.2%	32.1%	49.8%	32.5%	29.1%
Social media	19.9%	14.5%	24.6%	9.3%	42.0%	10.5%	32.5%	14.4%
Somewhere else	36.8%	39.9%	36.0%	27.5%	42.0%	29.3%	32.8%	54.2%
HEALTH AND ECONOMIC PERCEPTIONS OF SMOKING								
People should be protected from secondhand tobacco smoke	87.0%	82.5%	98.2%	95.3%	100.0%	89.5%	89.8%	73.1%
People should be protected from secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke	84.0%	81.4%	91.8%	82.1%	100.0%	89.5%	86.2%	87.5%
If a business allows indoor smoking								
More likely to visit ¹	5.1%	5.1%	0.0%	13.3%	0.0%	10.5%	4.4%	1.9%
Less likely to visit ¹	59.4%	62.3%	57.2%	63.2%	42.0%	60.2%	55.4%	43.2%
Does not impact decision to visit ¹	32.9%	30.7%	42.8%	16.4%	58.0%	29.3%	37.8%	42.7%
WATER PIPE/HOOKAH USE								
Used in the past 30 days	2.7%	1.2%	1.6%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	6.2%	0.0%
Last session with at least 1 other person*	89.6%	54.5%	100.0%	100.0%	N/A	N/A	100.0%	N/A
Where last smoked water pipe*:								
Home ²	59.2%	83.3%	100.0%	100.0%	N/A	N/A	41.6%	N/A
Lounge ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Bar/club ²	15.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	23.7%	N/A
Restaurant ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	N/A
Other ²	22.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	N/A	34.6%	N/A

Abbreviations: NHPI = Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander; AI/AN = American Indian/Alaska Native

^{*}Only asked of those who had smoked a water pipe in the past 30 days.

N/A: Not applicable

	STATE	WHITE/ CAUC	AFR.AMER./ BLACK	ASIAN	NHPI	AI/AN	HISPANIC	MULTIPLE
FAVORING THE FOLLOWING TOBACCO LAWS & REGULA	ATIONS							
Prohibiting smoking close to entrances of businesses and public buildings	68.4%	63.6%	69.1%	88.2%	74.0%	71.3%	71.3%	58.4%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor casino gaming areas	53.0%	52.7%	53.9%	52.3%	100.0%	31.4%	53.7%	47.8%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor bars and nightclubs	45.0%	45.1%	37.5%	61.0%	42.0%	9.8%	43.9%	35.2%
Increasing taxes on tobacco products, including ecigarettes and vapor products	58.3%	56.6%	52.5%	79.6%	42.0%	50.4%	58.5%	41.3%
Prohibiting flavors that attract youth such as cherry, cotton candy, mint, and menthol in tobacco products, including electronic vapor products	57.3%	63.8%	50.9%	41.3%	84.0%	67.6%	53.0%	45.9%
Prohibiting advertisements for all marijuana/cannabis products	49.9%	51.4%	36.0%	49.9%	42.0%	31.4%	50.9%	64.8%
Limiting advertisements for tobacco or vaping products	64.4%	63.0%	65.6%	61.7%	58.0%	67.6%	67.9%	61.8%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping anywhere on college campuses	61.0%	55.4%	47.5%	74.9%	84.0%	60.9%	72.2%	50.0%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in indoor areas of multiunit housing complexes such as apartments and condominiums	56.1%	56.0%	57.3%	45.2%	42.0%	60.2%	60.9%	43.2%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in outdoor public places, such as the parks and playgrounds (i.e. Places where children are likely present)	53.4%	53.1%	47.5%	59.2%	74.0%	60.2%	54.6%	41.7%
Limiting the number of tobacco retail shops in your community, for example near schools and parks	58.9%	55.7%	68.8%	63.9%	74.0%	76.8%	60.7%	42.0%
Strongly agree or agree that cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years	51.7%	46.1%	60.7%	54.5%	58.0%	34.5%	59.6%	41.3%

Abbreviations: NHPI = Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander; AI/AN = American Indian/Alaska Native

APPENDIX C: Comparison of 2023 ATS Results by County

Given that behaviors and attitudes might vary based on characteristics on the surrounding environment, it is important to examine the prevalence of tobacco product use and public perceptions of the public by region. This comparison can help determine if there is a need to target outreach efforts and messaging toward particular regions. The following table provides an overview of the use of smoking tobacco products and perceptions of respondents within each of the following regions in Nevada: Clark County (73.8%), Washoe County (14.9%), and Rural Counties (11.3%) (15 rural counties combined due to population sizes).

	STATE	CLARK	WASHOE	RURAL
ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE ATTITUDES & USE				
Believes e-cigarettes/vapor products are safer than regular cigarettes	15.1%	16.9%	9.1%	11.3%
Used e-cigarettes/vapor products in past 30 days	7.3%	5.7%	11.4%	12.6%
Used e-cigarette/vapor product with THC in past 30 days*	66.3%	67.4%	67.9%	61.0%
E-cigarette/vapor product flavors used most by current users:				
Tobacco ¹	5.4%	5.1%	10.6%	0.0%
Menthol or mint ¹	19.8%	23.1%	10.9%	20.9%
Flavor like fruit, candy, alcohol, coffee, vanilla, etc. ¹	56.7%	54.4%	78.5%	37.7%
No flavor/Unflavored ¹	15.1%	12.3%	0.0%	41.4%
SMOKING TOBACCO USE				
Smoked tobacco in past 30 days	14.5%	13.9%	17.6%	14.4%
Smoked tobacco in the past**	48.8%	48.2%	52.9%	47.8%
Types of tobacco products smoked in the past 30 days:				
Hand-rolled cigarettes	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	4.9%
Kreteks	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pipes of tobacco	6.1%	6.1%	7.0%	4.8%
Cigars/cheeroots/cigarillos	14.4%	18.0%	3.4%	9.4%
Water pipe/hookah	5.5%	7.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Manufactured cigarettes	63.4%	55.8%	84.6%	77.2%
Manufactured menthols	26.4%	28.8%	13.8%	31.4%
Other tobacco products	3.3%	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Flavored little cigars	2.5%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
SMOKELESS TOBACCO USE				
Used smokeless tobacco in past 30 days	1.5%	1.1%	1.2%	4.4%

Superscript: Items on this page with the same superscript number total 100%. For groups totaling less than 100%, the difference is due to individuals who were unsure or preferred not to answer.

^{*}Only asked of those who used e-cigarettes/vapor products in the past 30 days.

^{**}Only asked of those who did not smoke tobacco in the past 30 days.

	STATE	CLARK	WASHOE	RURAL
MARIJUANA/CANNABIS USE HISTORY				
Used marijuana/cannabis in past 30 days	14.5%	13.9%	17.8%	14.1%
Frequency of marijuana/cannabis use*:				
Daily or almost daily	45.3%	51.5%	32.6%	26.2%
At least once a week, but not daily	23.3%	25.7%	7.2%	34.6%
At least once a month, but not every week	19.5%	8.7%	49.9%	39.2%
Less than once a month	9.4%	10.6%	10.3%	0.0%
Don't know/Not sure	2.5%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Way marijuana/cannabis was most often used in past 30 days*:				
Smoke ¹	58.0%	53.4%	78.0%	54.6%
Eat ¹	22.7%	28.5%	3.4%	17.3%
Drink ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vaporize ¹	11.9%	11.3%	6.8%	24.4%
Dab ¹	5.4%	4.9%	8.4%	3.7%
Some other way ¹	1.3%	1.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Where marijuana/cannabis obtained most often*:				
Dispensary	86.4%	85.8%	87.9%	87.5%
Private source	1.9%	2.1%	0.0%	3.7%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Friend/Family member	7.6%	7.3%	10.3%	5.1%
Other	2.4%	2.4%	1.8%	3.7%
Don't know/Not sure	0.7%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	1.0%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Where marijuana/cannabis used most often*:				
At home, inside	79.6%	72.7%	96.2%	96.3%
At home, outside	18.7%	24.9%	3.8%	3.7%
Vehicle/car	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Outdoors in a public place	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Festivals/Concerts	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Casino	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bar/Nightclub	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	1.7%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Don't know/Not sure	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

^{*}Only asked of those who used marijuana/cannabis in the past 30 days.

	STATE	CLARK	WASHOE	RURAL
TOBACCO CESSATION BEHAVIOR				
Advised to quit tobacco use during last doctor visit	41.8%	45.0%	34.7%	35.3%
Tried to stop smoking in past year	49.3%	46.7%	60.2%	48.3%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop smoking in past year:				
Group counseling	3.9%	4.2%	0.0%	9.9%
Nicotine replacement	45.0%	40.0%	75.1%	15.0%
Other prescriptions	6.2%	4.5%	5.7%	17.5%
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Tried stopping on own	76.2%	85.1%	42.2%	90.1%
Other methods	14.3%	19.5%	5.7%	0.0%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	75.3%	70.3%	78.0%	100.0%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	23.7%	10.3%	70.3%	7.5%
Reason for not trying 1-800-QUIT-NOW*				
Didn't know about it ¹	11.7%	15.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Didn't think it would help me ¹	16.4%	20.8%	12.7%	0.0%
Wasn't comfortable using it ¹	2.2%	0.0%	24.5%	0.0%
Other ¹	69.7%	63.3%	62.8%	100.0%
Tried to stop using smokeless tobacco in past year	11.8%	11.8%	15.0%	8.8%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop using smokeless tobacco in past year:				
Group counseling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nicotine replacement	5.8%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Other prescriptions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Herbal/Homeopathic	5.8%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Tried stopping on own	88.8%	84.1%	100.0%	100.0%
Other methods	17.0%	15.9%	0.0%	50.0%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	77.3%	84.1%	100.0%	0.0%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Reason for not trying 1-800-QUIT-NOW*				
Didn't know about it ²	23.4%	0.0%	100.0%	N/A
Didn't think it would help me ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Wasn't comfortable using it ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Other ²	76.6%	100.0%	0.0%	N/A
Cessation methods among those who smoked in the past:				
1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Web-based cessation service	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nicotine replacement	5.8%	4.5%	7.1%	12.8%
Other prescriptions	1.2%	0.7%	1.4%	4.3%
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.1%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
E-cigarettes or vaping	2.9%	1.5%	2.8%	12.0%
Other	82.2%	87.5%	66.8%	68.8%
Don't know/Not sure	10.7%	9.2%	21.9%	4.7%
Prefer not to answer	0.5%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%

^{*}Only asked of those who did not use 1-800-QUIT-NOW in the past 12 months.

N/A: Not applicable

	STATE	CLARK	WASHOE	RURAL
SECONDHAND SMOKE EXPOSURE				
Rules about smoking in home:				
Smoking allowed ¹	5.9%	5.4%	5.8%	9.1%
Smoking not allowed, but exceptions ¹	13.0%	11.3%	25.5%	7.3%
Smoking never allowed ¹	71.2%	73.3%	61.4%	70.8%
No rules about smoking ¹	9.6%	9.8%	6.7%	11.8%
Frequency of secondhand tobacco smoke exposure:				
Daily ²	11.7%	13.0%	7.0%	9.6%
Weekly ²	19.7%	19.3%	20.4%	21.6%
Monthly ²	15.2%	16.4%	12.9%	11.0%
Less than monthly ²	19.4%	16.5%	28.6%	25.6%
Never ²	32.6%	33.5%	28.9%	31.7%
Frequency of secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke exposure:				
Daily ³	6.9%	7.4%	4.4%	6.5%
Weekly ³	9.6%	10.5%	8.5%	5.4%
Monthly ³	11.2%	13.2%	7.6%	3.1%
Less than monthly ³	17.6%	17.8%	17.8%	16.3%
Never ³	54.2%	50.7%	61.7%	67.6%
Frequency of secondhand cigarette or marijuana/cannabis infiltrating home/res	idence:			
Daily ⁴	5.1%	4.9%	4.0%	7.6%
Weekly ⁴	4.0%	4.4%	1.6%	4.7%
Monthly ⁴	4.4%	3.7%	10.1%	1.9%
Less than monthly ⁴	8.9%	7.7%	16.3%	6.9%
Never ⁴	77.0%	79.0%	67.8%	76.4%
Works outside the home	34.7%	34.3%	36.3%	34.6%
Works in a casino	10.7%	13.3%	3.3%	4.0%
Someone smoked tobacco indoors at work in past 30 days	14.2%	16.1%	10.9%	6.0%
Someone smoked marijuana/cannabis indoors at work in past 30 days	2.6%	2.0%	3.3%	5.6%
Type of housing:				
House ⁵	81.8%	83.4%	73.1%	82.6%
Duplex or two-unit building ⁵	1.1%	0.9%	2.0%	1.0%
Apartment or condo building with 3+ units ⁵	12.2%	13.1%	12.8%	5.2%
Mobile/manufactured ⁵	3.1%	1.9%	3.4%	10.4%
Temporary housing ⁵	0.5%	0.5%	0.7%	0.7%

	STATE	CLARK	WASHOE	RURAL
SOURCES OF HEALTH INFORMATION				
Newspapers or magazines	24.3%	23.8%	25.2%	26.7%
Television	35.1%	34.4%	33.6%	41.4%
Radio	10.8%	10.2%	9.5%	16.8%
Billboards	7.0%	7.0%	6.1%	8.3%
Bus stop benches/shelters	4.0%	4.3%	2.8%	3.9%
Internet ads or web banner	31.3%	33.8%	23.0%	25.6%
Social media	19.9%	20.6%	18.4%	17.8%
Somewhere else	36.8%	37.6%	31.3%	38.6%
HEALTH AND ECONOMIC PERCEPTIONS OF SMOKING				
People should be protected from secondhand tobacco smoke	87.0%	88.4%	84.5%	80.8%
People should be protected from secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke	84.0%	85.3%	81.4%	79.0%
If a business allows indoor smoking				
More likely to visit ¹	5.1%	5.7%	2.2%	5.7%
Less likely to visit ¹	59.4%	59.4%	62.1%	55.8%
Does not impact decision to visit ¹	32.9%	32.4%	31.8%	37.2%
WATER PIPE/HOOKAH USE				
Used in the past 30 days	2.7%	2.7%	3.0%	2.0%
Last session with at least 1 other person*	89.6%	88.5%	89.7%	100.0%
Where last smoked water pipe*:				
Home ²	59.2%	54.6%	59.4%	100.0%
Lounge ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bar/club ²	15.1%	20.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Restaurant ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ²	22.0%	20.2%	40.6%	0.0%

^{*}Only asked of those who had smoked a water pipe in the past 30 days.

	STATE	CLARK	WASHOE	RURAL
FAVORING THE FOLLOWING TOBACCO LAWS & REGULATIONS				
Prohibiting smoking close to entrances of businesses and public buildings	68.4%	69.3%	65.3%	66.9%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor casino gaming areas	53.0%	54.6%	46.1%	51.6%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor bars and nightclubs	45.0%	45.6%	41.5%	45.9%
Increasing taxes on tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and vapor products	58.3%	59.5%	56.4%	53.3%
Prohibiting flavors that attract youth such as cherry, cotton candy, mint, and menthol in tobacco products, including electronic vapor products	57.3%	55.9%	65.2%	56.4%
Prohibiting advertisements for all marijuana/cannabis products	49.9%	49.3%	52.9%	49.5%
Limiting advertisements for tobacco or vaping products	64.4%	64.3%	69.4%	58.3%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping anywhere on college campuses	61.0%	62.3%	59.0%	55.7%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in indoor areas of multiunit housing complexes such as apartments and condominiums	56.1%	55.8%	58.5%	54.7%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in outdoor public places, such as the parks and playgrounds (i.e. Places where children are likely present)	53.4%	53.5%	53.0%	54.0%
Limiting the number of tobacco retail shops in your community, for example near schools and parks	58.9%	60.3%	55.7%	53.8%
Strongly agree or agree that cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years	51.7%	54.8%	43.1%	42.8%

APPENDIX D: Comparison of 2023 ATS Results by Gender

Rates of tobacco use and cessation behaviors, as well as exposure to media messaging and attitudes towards tobacco regulations may differ based on gender. A limitation of using the census data for weighting the survey data is that the census data only include information for males and females. Therefore, despite the survey options in response to the question, "What is your gender?" including male, female, transgender, genderqueer/gender-nonconforming, and other, comparisons are only possible for males and females. Nonetheless, these comparisons can help determine if there is a need to focus outreach efforts and messaging toward one of these two genders. The following table provides an overview of the results of the survey by male (50.5%) and female (49.5%) gender.

	STATE	MALE	FEMALE
ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE ATTITUDES & USE			
Believes e-cigarettes/vapor products are safer than regular cigarettes	15.1%	18.0%	12.1%
Used e-cigarettes/vapor products in past 30 days	7.3%	7.5%	7.1%
Used e-cigarette/vapor product with THC in past 30 days*	66.3%	55.2%	78.2%
E-cigarette/vapor product flavors used most by current users:			
Tobacco ¹	5.4%	7.8%	2.9%
Menthol or mint ¹	19.8%	26.3%	12.9%
Flavor like fruit, candy, alcohol, coffee, vanilla, etc. ¹	56.7%	43.6%	70.9%
No flavor/Unflavored ¹	15.1%	19.4%	10.5%
SMOKING TOBACCO USE			
Smoked tobacco in past 30 days	14.5%	15.1%	13.9%
Smoked tobacco in the past**	48.8%	53.0%	44.7%
Types of tobacco products smoked in the past 30 days:			
Hand-rolled cigarettes	0.6%	0.0%	1.2%
Kreteks	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pipes of tobacco	6.1%	11.7%	0.0%
Cigars/cheeroots/cigarillos	14.4%	27.4%	0.0%
Water pipe/hookah	5.5%	10.5%	0.0%
Manufactured cigarettes	63.4%	53.4%	74.5%
Menthols	26.4%	33.3%	18.7%
Other tobacco products	3.3%	0.0%	7.0%
Flavored little cigars	2.5%	1.5%	3.6%
SMOKELESS TOBACCO USE			
Used smokeless tobacco in past 30 days	1.5%	2.6%	0.4%

^{*}Only asked of those who used e-cigarettes/vapor products in the past 30 days.

^{**}Only asked of those who did not smoke tobacco in the past 30 days.

	STATE	MALE	FEMALE
MARIJUANA/CANNABIS USE HISTORY	<u>. </u>	-	•
Used marijuana/cannabis in past 30 days	14.5%	15.0%	14.0%
Frequency of marijuana/cannabis use*:			
Daily or almost daily	45.3%	44.8%	45.8%
At least once a week, but not daily	23.3%	31.6%	14.2%
At least once a month, but not every week	19.5%	8.7%	31.4%
Less than once a month	9.4%	13.4%	5.0%
Don't know/Not sure	2.5%	1.5%	3.5%
Prefer not to answer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Way marijuana/cannabis was most often used in past 30 days*:			
Smoke ¹	58.0%	62.5%	53.1%
Eat ¹	22.7%	21.6%	23.8%
Drink ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vaporize ¹	11.9%	6.4%	17.9%
Dab¹	5.4%	8.2%	2.3%
Some other way ¹	1.3%	1.2%	1.5%
Where marijuana/cannabis obtained most often*:			
Dispensary	86.4%	86.3%	86.5%
Private source	1.9%	1.5%	2.3%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Friend/Family member	7.6%	12.2%	2.6%
Other	2.4%	0.0%	5.1%
Don't know/Not sure	0.7%	0.0%	1.5%
Prefer not to answer	1.0%	0.0%	2.1%
Where marijuana/cannabis used most often*:			
At home, inside	79.6%	76.1%	83.5%
At home, outside	18.7%	23.9%	13.0%
Vehicle/car	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Outdoors in a public place	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Festivals/Concerts	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Casino	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bar/Nightclub	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	1.7%	0.0%	3.5%
Don't know/Not sure	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

^{*}Only asked of those who used marijuana/cannabis in the past 30 days.

	STATE	MALE	FEMALE
TOBACCO CESSATION BEHAVIOR			
Advised to quit tobacco use during last doctor visit	41.8%	45.3%	37.5%
Tried to stop smoking in past year	49.3%	42.8%	56.5%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop smoking in past year:			
Group counseling	3.9%	2.4%	5.2%
Nicotine replacement	45.0%	31.1%	56.7%
Other prescriptions	6.2%	8.6%	4.1%
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Tried stopping on own	76.2%	81.9%	71.3%
Other methods	14.3%	31.4%	0.0%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	75.3%	88.2%	64.4%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	23.7%	0.0%	50.8%
Reason for not trying 1-800-QUIT-NOW*			
Didn't know about it ¹	11.7%	0.0%	39.0%
Didn't think it would help me ¹	16.4%	21.8%	3.8%
Wasn't comfortable using it ¹	2.2%	3.1%	0.0%
Other ¹	69.7%	75.1%	57.2%
Tried to stop using smokeless tobacco in past year	11.8%	16.6%	3.7%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop using smokeless tobacco in past year:			
Group counseling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nicotine replacement	5.8%	0.0%	50.0%
Other prescriptions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Herbal/Homeopathic	5.8%	0.0%	50.0%
Tried stopping on own	88.8%	87.4%	100.0%
Other methods	17.0%	12.6%	50.0%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	77.3%	87.4%	0.0%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Reason for not trying 1-800-QUIT-NOW*			
Didn't know about it ²	23.4%	23.4%	N/A
Didn't think it would help me ²	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Wasn't comfortable using it ²	0.0%	0.0%	N/A
Other ²	76.6%	76.6%	N/A
Cessation methods among those who smoked in the past:			
1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Web-based cessation service	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nicotine replacement	5.8%	5.6%	6.0%
Other prescriptions	1.2%	1.2%	1.1%
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%
E-cigarettes or vaping	2.9%	3.0%	2.8%
Other	82.2%	82.0%	82.5%
Don't know/Not sure	10.7%	10.5%	10.8%
Prefer not to answer	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%

^{*}Only asked of those who did not use 1-800-QUIT-NOW in the past 12 months.

	STATE	MALE	FEMALE
SECONDHAND SMOKE EXPOSURE	•	-	-
Rules about smoking in home:			
Smoking allowed ¹	5.9%	6.0%	5.7%
Smoking not allowed, but exceptions ¹	13.0%	13.2%	12.8%
Smoking never allowed ¹	71.2%	68.9%	73.6%
No rules about smoking ¹	9.6%	11.4%	7.7%
Frequency of secondhand tobacco smoke exposure:			
Daily ²	11.7%	12.9%	10.5%
Weekly ²	19.7%	21.1%	18.3%
Monthly ²	15.2%	15.1%	15.4%
Less than monthly ²	19.4%	18.3%	20.4%
Never ²	32.6%	30.9%	34.3%
Frequency of secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke exposure:			
Daily ³	6.9%	7.9%	5.8%
Weekly ³	9.6%	10.6%	8.7%
Monthly ³	11.2%	13.1%	9.3%
Less than monthly ³	17.6%	18.7%	16.5%
Never ³	54.2%	49.3%	59.2%
Frequency of secondhand cigarette or marijuana/cannabis infiltrating home/resi	dence:		
Daily ⁴	5.1%	4.6%	5.5%
Weekly ⁴	4.0%	0.7%	7.4%
Monthly ⁴	4.4%	3.7%	5.2%
Less than monthly ⁴	8.9%	9.5%	8.3%
Never ⁴	77.0%	81.0%	73.0%
Works outside the home	34.7%	40.4%	28.8%
Works in a casino	10.7%	8.3%	14.1%
Someone smoked tobacco indoors at work in past 30 days	14.2%	18.2%	8.5%
Someone smoked marijuana/cannabis indoors at work in past 30 days	2.6%	2.5%	2.8%
Type of housing:			
House ⁵	81.8%	84.8%	78.7%
Duplex or two-unit building ⁵	1.1%	0.3%	1.9%
Apartment or condo building with 3+ units ⁵	12.2%	11.7%	12.7%
Mobile/manufactured ⁵	3.1%	2.1%	4.1%
Temporary housing⁵	0.5%	0.6%	0.5%

	STATE	MALE	FEMALE
SOURCES OF HEALTH INFORMATION	-	-	-
Newspapers or magazines	24.3%	26.4%	22.2%
Television	35.1%	37.3%	32.8%
Radio	10.8%	12.8%	8.8%
Billboards	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
Bus stop benches/shelters	4.0%	4.1%	4.0%
Internet ads or web banner	31.3%	34.1%	28.4%
Social media	19.9%	22.8%	17.0%
Somewhere else	36.8%	34.1%	39.5%
HEALTH AND ECONOMIC PERCEPTIONS OF SMOKING			
People should be protected from secondhand tobacco smoke	87.0%	85.9%	88.1%
People should be protected from secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke	84.0%	84.8%	83.2%
If a business allows indoor smoking			
More likely to visit ¹	5.1%	2.5%	7.9%
Less likely to visit ¹	59.4%	53.0%	66.0%
Does not impact decision to visit ¹	32.9%	41.3%	24.3%
WATER PIPE/HOOKAH USE			
Used in the past 30 days	2.7%	3.7%	1.6%
Last session with at least 1 other person*	89.6%	87.9%	94.0%
Where last smoked water pipe*:			
Home ²	59.2%	47.7%	87.1%
Lounge ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bar/club ²	15.1%	21.3%	0.0%
Restaurant ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ²	22.0%	31.0%	0.0%

^{*}Only asked of those who had smoked a water pipe in the past 30 days.

N/A: Not applicable

	STATE	MALE	FEMALE
FAVORING THE FOLLOWING TOBACCO LAWS & REGULATIONS		-	
Prohibiting smoking close to entrances of businesses and public buildings	68.4%	66.4%	70.5%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor casino gaming areas	53.0%	51.4%	54.6%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor bars and nightclubs	45.0%	37.6%	52.6%
Increasing taxes on tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and vapor products	58.3%	54.2%	62.6%
Prohibiting flavors that attract youth such as cherry, cotton candy, mint, and menthol in tobacco products, including electronic vapor products	57.3%	59.9%	54.7%
Prohibiting advertisements for all marijuana/cannabis products	49.9%	49.1%	50.6%
Limiting advertisements for tobacco or vaping products	64.4%	65.2%	63.6%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping anywhere on college campuses	61.0%	57.0%	65.1%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in indoor areas of multiunit housing complexes such as apartments and condominiums	56.1%	54.4%	57.8%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in outdoor public places, such as the parks and playgrounds (i.e. Places where children are likely present)	53.4%	53.5%	53.4%
Limiting the number of tobacco retail shops in your community, for example near schools and parks	58.9%	60.8%	57.0%
Strongly agree or agree that cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years	51.7%	47.3%	56.1%

APPENDIX E: Comparison of 2023 ATS Results by Sexual Orientation

Rates of tobacco use and cessation behaviors, as well as exposure to media messaging and attitudes towards tobacco regulations may differ based on sexual orientation. The following table provides a comparison of responses of those who identify as heterosexual (88.7%) compared to those who identify as gay, lesbian, bisexual, a different identity, or some other orientation (7.7%).

	STATE	HETEROSEXUAL	NOT HETEROSEXUAL
ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE ATTITUDES & USE			
Believes e-cigarettes/vapor products are safer than regular cigarettes	15.1%	14.9%	19.7%
Used e-cigarettes/vapor products in past 30 days	7.3%	5.3%	29.2%
Used e-cigarette/vapor product with THC in past 30 days*	66.3%	54.5%	86.2%
E-cigarette/vapor product flavors used most by current users:			
Tobacco ¹	5.4%	8.3%	0.0%
Menthol or mint ¹	19.8%	22.9%	16.3%
Flavor like fruit, candy, alcohol, coffee, vanilla, etc. ¹	56.7%	56.2%	61.5%
No flavor/Unflavored ¹	15.1%	10.2%	17.8%
SMOKING TOBACCO USE			
Smoked tobacco in past 30 days	14.5%	13.7%	29.0%
Smoked tobacco in the past**	48.8%	47.3%	70.2%
Types of tobacco products smoked in the past 30 days:			
Hand-rolled cigarettes	0.6%	0.7%	0.0%
Kreteks	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pipes of tobacco	6.1%	3.1%	23.0%
Cigars/cheeroots/cigarillos	14.4%	12.6%	24.8%
Water pipe/hookah	5.5%	3.3%	17.9%
Manufactured cigarettes	63.4%	60.3%	78.5%
Menthols	26.4%	20.8%	57.9%
Other tobacco products	3.3%	4.0%	0.0%
Flavored little cigars	2.5%	3.0%	0.0%
SMOKELESS TOBACCO USE			
Used smokeless tobacco in past 30 days	1.5%	1.0%	7.2%

Superscript: Items on this page with the same superscript number total 100%. For groups totaling less than 100%, the difference is due to individuals who were unsure or preferred not to answer.

^{*}Only asked of those who used e-cigarettes/vapor products in the past 30 days.

^{**}Only asked of those who did not smoke tobacco in the past 30 days.

	STATE	HETEROSEXUAL	NOT HETEROSEXUAL
MARIJUANA/CANNABIS USE HISTORY			
Used marijuana/cannabis in past 30 days	14.5%	11.3%	51.9%
Frequency of marijuana/cannabis use*:			
Daily or almost daily	45.3%	43.9%	48.5%
At least once a week, but not daily	23.3%	28.2%	11.1%
At least once a month, but not every week	19.5%	13.2%	37.5%
Less than once a month	9.4%	12.5%	2.8%
Don't know/Not sure	2.5%	2.1%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Way marijuana/cannabis was most often used in past 30 days*:			
Smoke ¹	58.0%	58.8%	54.8%
Eat ¹	22.7%	25.1%	15.7%
Drink ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vaporize ¹	11.9%	10.4%	17.0%
Dab¹	5.4%	2.8%	12.5%
Some other way ¹	1.3%	1.9%	0.0%
Where marijuana/cannabis obtained most often*:			
Dispensary	86.4%	83.9%	94.7%
Private source	1.9%	2.7%	0.0%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Friend/Family member	7.6%	9.9%	2.8%
Other	2.4%	1.1%	2.5%
Don't know/Not sure	0.7%	1.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	1.0%	1.5%	0.0%
Where marijuana/cannabis used most often*:			
At home, inside	79.6%	78.5%	86.0%
At home, outside	18.7%	21.5%	11.5%
Vehicle/car	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Outdoors in a public place	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cannabis lounge	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Festivals/Concerts	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Casino	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bar/Nightclub	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	1.7%	0.0%	2.5%
Don't know/Not sure	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prefer not to answer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

^{*}Only asked of those who used marijuana/cannabis in the past 30 days.

	STATE	HETEROSEXUAL	NOT HETEROSEXUAL
TOBACCO CESSATION BEHAVIOR			
Advised to quit tobacco use during last doctor visit	41.8%	42.7%	37.6%
Tried to stop smoking in past year	49.3%	47.7%	55.8%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop smoking in past year:			
Group counseling	3.9%	3.1%	8.0%
Nicotine replacement	45.0%	51.8%	17.2%
Other prescriptions	6.2%	6.6%	0.0%
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Tried stopping on own	76.2%	74.3%	82.8%
Other methods	14.3%	15.7%	9.1%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	75.3%	72.0%	88.3%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	23.7%	28.1%	9.1%
Reason for not trying 1-800-QUIT-NOW*			
Didn't know about it ¹	11.7%	16.0%	0.0%
Didn't think it would help me ¹	16.4%	18.6%	11.4%
Wasn't comfortable using it ¹	2.2%	3.0%	0.0%
Other ¹	69.7%	62.4%	88.6%
Tried to stop using smokeless tobacco in past year	11.8%	8.0%	29.7%
Cessation methods of those who tried to stop using smokeless tobacco in past year:			
Group counseling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nicotine replacement	5.8%	0.0%	12.8%
Other prescriptions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Herbal/Homeopathic	5.8%	0.0%	12.8%
Tried stopping on own	88.8%	79.7%	100.0%
Other methods	17.0%	20.3%	12.8%
Aware of 1-800-QUIT-NOW	77.3%	69.1%	87.2%
Tried 1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Reason for not trying 1-800-QUIT-NOW*			
Didn't know about it ²	23.4%	47.5%	0.0%
Didn't think it would help me ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Wasn't comfortable using it ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ²	76.6%	52.5%	100.0%
Cessation methods among those who smoked in the past:			
1-800-QUIT-NOW	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Web-based cessation service	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nicotine replacement	5.8%	6.0%	2.0%
Other prescriptions	1.2%	1.4%	0.0%
Herbal/Homeopathic	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%
E-cigarettes or vaping	2.9%	3.1%	1.5%
Other	82.2%	83.1%	71.3%
Don't know/Not sure	10.7%	9.6%	25.2%
Prefer not to answer	0.5%	0.6%	74.8%

 $^{^{*}}$ Only asked of those who did not use 1-800-QUIT-NOW in the past 12 months.

	STATE	HETEROSEXUAL	NOT HETEROSEXUAL
SECONDHAND SMOKE EXPOSURE			
Rules about smoking in home:			
Smoking allowed ¹	5.9%	5.3%	9.3%
Smoking not allowed, but exceptions ¹	13.0%	10.8%	38.8%
Smoking never allowed ¹	71.2%	73.9%	43.3%
No rules about smoking ¹	9.6%	9.7%	8.6%
Frequency of secondhand tobacco smoke exposure:			
Daily ²	11.7%	12.1%	9.6%
Weekly ²	19.7%	19.7%	21.5%
Monthly ²	15.2%	14.8%	20.0%
Less than monthly ²	19.4%	19.5%	22.1%
Never ²	32.6%	32.4%	26.2%
Frequency of secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke exposure:			
Daily ³	6.9%	6.7%	6.3%
Weekly ³	9.6%	9.0%	18.0%
Monthly ³	11.2%	10.2%	23.7%
Less than monthly ³	17.6%	19.2%	4.8%
Never ³	54.2%	54.7%	47.3%
Frequency of secondhand cigarette or marijuana/cannabis infiltrating home/reside			
Daily ⁴	5.1%	5.0%	5.6%
, Weekly ⁴	4.0%	3.6%	9.6%
Monthly ⁴	4.4%	3.6%	12.6%
Less than monthly ⁴	8.9%	8.4%	17.8%
Never ⁴	77.0%	79.1%	54.4%
Works outside the home	34.7%	32.6%	63.1%
Works in a casino	10.7%	10.7%	9.9%
Someone smoked tobacco indoors at work in past 30 days	14.2%	13.0%	18.1%
Someone smoked marijuana/cannabis indoors at work in past 30 days	2.6%	3.1%	0.0%
Type of housing:	2.073	3.270	0.075
House ⁵	81.8%	83.8%	57.3%
Duplex or two-unit building ⁵	1.1%	1.0%	2.7%
Apartment or condo building with 3+ units ⁵	12.2%	11.1%	25.8%
Mobile/manufactured ⁵	3.1%	3.4%	0.6%
Temporary housing ⁵	0.5%	0.4%	1.3%

	STATE	HETEROSEXUAL	NOT HETEROSEXUAL
SOURCES OF HEALTH INFORMATION			
Newspapers or magazines	24.3%	25.3%	18.3%
Television	35.1%	35.2%	36.0%
Radio	10.8%	10.9%	11.5%
Billboards	7.0%	6.7%	11.0%
Bus stop benches/shelters	4.0%	4.2%	2.5%
Internet ads or web banner	31.3%	31.7%	29.5%
Social media	19.9%	19.1%	32.3%
Somewhere else	36.8%	37.1%	31.7%
HEALTH AND ECONOMIC PERCEPTIONS OF SMOKING	-	-	-
People should be protected from secondhand tobacco smoke	87.0%	87.3%	83.6%
People should be protected from secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke	84.0%	85.2%	71.0%
If a business allows indoor smoking			
More likely to visit ¹	5.1%	5.8%	0.0%
Less likely to visit ¹	59.4%	59.4%	57.2%
Does not impact decision to visit ¹	32.9%	32.3%	41.4%
WATER PIPE/HOOKAH USE			
Used in the past 30 days	2.7%	1.8%	11.4%
Last session with at least 1 other person*	89.6%	82.3%	100.0%
Where last smoked water pipe*:			
Home ²	59.2%	56.0%	54.6%
Lounge ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bar/club ²	15.1%	25.7%	0.0%
Restaurant ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ²	22.0%	11.8%	45.4%

^{*} Only asked of those who had smoked a water pipe in the past 30 days.

	STATE	HETEROSEXUAL	NOT HETEROSEXUAL
FAVORING THE FOLLOWING TOBACCO LAWS & REGULATIONS			
Prohibiting smoking close to entrances of businesses and public buildings	68.4%	68.3%	76.4%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor casino gaming areas	53.0%	53.4%	48.4%
Prohibiting smoking in all indoor bars and nightclubs	45.0%	45.4%	42.9%
Increasing taxes on tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and vapor products	58.3%	57.9%	60.1%
Prohibiting flavors that attract youth such as cherry, cotton candy, mint, and menthol in tobacco products, including electronic vapor products	57.3%	59.1%	38.6%
Prohibiting advertisements for all marijuana/cannabis products	49.9%	51.0%	34.5%
Limiting advertisements for tobacco or vaping products	64.4%	63.0%	78.1%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping anywhere on college campuses	61.0%	61.2%	60.5%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in indoor areas of multiunit housing complexes such as apartments and condominiums	56.1%	55.5%	58.0%
Prohibiting smoking and vaping in outdoor public places, such as the parks and playgrounds (i.e. Places where children are likely present)	53.4%	53.0%	60.1%
Limiting the number of tobacco retail shops in your community, for example near schools and parks	58.9%	58.9%	62.0%
Strongly agree or agree that cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years	51.7%	50.9%	62.9%

APPENDIX F: 2023 Adult Tobacco Survey - English

Hello! My name is _____ and I am calling from UNLV. We are conducting a survey of adults in Nevada regarding tobacco use and smoking behaviors.

[THE HOUSEHOLD SCREENING RESPONDENT SHOULD BE 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER AND YOU MUST BE CONFIDENT THAT THIS PERSON CAN PROVIDE ACCURATE INFORMATION ABOUT ALL MEMBERS OF THE HOUSEHOLD. IF NEEDED, VERIFY THE AGE OF THE HOUSEHOLD SCREENING RESPONDENT TO MAKE SURE HE/SHE IS 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER.]

1. May I speak with an adult age 18 or older?

Yes

No adult 18+ in household 2 [THANK AND TERMINATE]
Adult 18+ not available/Not a good time 7 [SET TIME TO CALL BACK]
Hard refusal 8 [THANK AND TERMINATE]

Great! The purpose of this survey is to better understand adult tobacco use in Nevada. For your participation, you can choose to be entered into a drawing to win a \$50 Visa gift card after completing the survey! All information gathered WILL remain confidential and will in no way be linked to your name. The survey should take approximately 15 minutes.

2. Are you willing to take the survey today?

Yes

No 2 [THANK AND SET TIME TO CALL BACK]

3. Can you verify which county you live in?

Clark County NV

Washoe County NV

Carson City County NV

Churchill County NV

Douglas County NV

Elko County NV

Esmeralda County NV

Eureka County NV

Humboldt County NV

Lander County NV

Lincoln County NV

Lyon County NV

Mineral County NV

Nye County NV

Pershing County NV

Storey County NV

White Pine County NV

Don't know/Not sure

Refuse

4. What is your zip code?

ENTER 5 DIGIT ZIP CODE

Don't know/Not sure 777 Refuse 999

Section A. E-cigarettes

The first few questions relate to the use of e-cigarettes and vapor products, including Juul.

A1. Do you believe e-cigarettes or vaping products, are safer than regular cigarettes?

Yes	1
No	2
Don't know/Not sure	777
Refused	999

Read if necessary: Electronic cigarettes (e-cigarettes) and other electronic vaping products include Juul, Puff Bars, Elf Bars, electronic hookahs (e-hookahs), vape pens, e-cigars, and others. These products are battery powered and usually contain nicotine and flavors such as fruit, mint, or candy. (From CDC BRFSS)

A2. Have you used an e-cigarette or other electronic "vaping" product, even just one time, in the past 30 days?

Yes	1 [CONTINUE TO A3]
No	2 [SKIP to Section B]
Don't know/Not sure	777 [SKIP to Section B]
Refused	999 [SKIP to Section B]

A3. Have you used an e-cigarette or other electronic "vaping" device with marijuana/cannabis, THC [tetrahydrocannabinol], hash oil, or THC wax?

Yes	1
No	2
Don't know/Not sure	777
Refused	999

A4. What flavor do you use most when vaping/using an e-cigarette or vaping device [SELECT ONE OPTION]?

Tobacco	1
Menthol or mint flavor	2
Some other flavor like fruit, candy, alcohol, coffee, vanilla, etc.	3
No flavor/unflavored	4
Don't know/Not sure	777
Refused	999

Section B. Tobacco Smoking

Now I would like to ask you some questions about *smoking* tobacco, including cigarettes, cigars, and pipes. Please do not answer about marijuana/cannabis or using smokeless tobacco at this time.

B1. Have you smoked tobacco at least once in the past 30 days?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO B1a]

No 2 [SKIP TO B2]

Don't know/Not sure 777 [SKIP TO SECTION C]
Refused 999 [SKIP TO SECTION C]

B1a. Which of the following products have you smoked at least once in the past 30 days? [READ EACH AND SELECT ALL THAT APPLY.]

Manufactured cigarettes	1
Menthols (manufactured cigarettes)	2
Hand-rolled cigarettes	3
Kreteks	4
Pipes full of tobacco	5
Cigars, cheroots, or cigarillos	6
Flavored little cigars	7
Water pipe/hookah sessions	8

Any others: 9 – Write in

Don't know/Not sure 777
Refused 999

[SKIP TO SECTION C]

B2. In the *past*, have you smoked tobacco?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO B2a]

No 2 [SKIP TO SECTION C]

Don't know/Not sure Refused 999 [SKIP TO SECTION C]

B2a. If answered yes: What method or methods did you use to stop smoking? (DON'T READ LIST)

1-800-QUITNOW	1
Web-based cessation service	2
Nicotine replacement therapy - the patch or gum	3
Prescription medications, for example Zyban (Bupropion, Aplenzin, Wellbutrin, Wellbutrin SR, Wellbutrin XL) or Chantix	4
Herbal/homeopathic medicines	5
E-cigarettes or vaping,	6
Other Don't know/Not sure	7 – Write in 777
Refused	999

Section C. Marijuana/Cannabis

The next few questions are about marijuana/cannabis.

C1. Have you used marijuana/cannabis at least once in the past 30 days?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE to C2]
No 2 [SKIP to SECTION D]
Don't know/Not sure 777 [SKIP to SECTION D]
Refused 999 [SKIP to SECTION D]

C2. How often do you use marijuana/cannabis?

Daily or almost daily 1
At least once a week, but not daily 2
At least once a month, but not every week 3
Less than once a month 4
Don't know/Not sure 777
Refused 999

C3. During the past 30 days, which <u>ONE</u> of the following ways did you use marijuana/cannabis the most often? Did you usually...

1
2
3
4
5
6
777
999

C4. Where do you get your marijuana/cannabis products most often?

Dispensary 1
Private source 2
Cannabis lounge 3
Friend/Family member 4
Other 5
Don't know/Not sure 777
Refused 999

C5. Where do you most often use marijuana/cannabis products?

At home, inside 1
At home, outside 2
Vehicle/car 3
Outdoors in a public place 4
Cannabis Lounge 5
Festivals/ Concerts 6
Casino 7
Bar/ Nightclub 8

Other 9 – Write in

Don't know/Not sure 777 Refused 999

Section D. Smokeless Tobacco

The next question is about smokeless tobacco, such as snuff, chewing tobacco, and dip. Smokeless tobacco is tobacco that is not smoked, but is sniffed through the nose, held in the mouth, chewed, or vaped.

D1. Have you used smokeless tobacco at least once in the past 30 days?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Don't know/Not sure
 777

 Refused
 999

Section E. Cessation

IF B1 = 2, 777, OR 999 (Smoked tobacco in past 30 days = No, Don't know/Not sure, Refused)

AND D1 = 3,777, OR 999 (Uses smokeless tobacco = Not at all, Don't know/Not sure, Refused)

SKIP TO SECTION F SECONDHAND SMOKE

E1. During any visit to a doctor or health care provider in the past 12 months, were you advised to quit smoking tobacco or use of any other tobacco products?

Yes 1
No 2
Not Applicable (Did not visit) 3
Refused 999

IF B1 = 1 (Smoked tobacco in past 30 days = Yes), CONTINUE WITH THIS SECTION.

IF B1 = 2, 777, OR 999 (Smoked tobacco in past 30 days = No, Don't know/Not sure, Refused)

SKIP TO E5

The next questions ask about any attempts to stop using tobacco that you might have made during the past 12 months.

SMOKING TOBACCO

E2. During the past 12 months, have you tried to stop smoking?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO E3]

No 2 [SKIP to E5]

Refused 999

E3. Are you aware of the 1-800-QUIT-NOW telephone support line to try to stop smoking?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO E3a]

No 2 [SKIP TO E4] Refused 999 [SKIP TO E4]

E3a. During the past 12 months, did you use the 1-800-QUIT-NOW telephone support line to try to stop smoking?

Yes 1 [SKIP TO E4]

No 2 [CONTINUE TO E3b]

E3b. Why not? [DO NOT READ, BUT SELECT ONE OPTION.]

I didn't know about itI didn't think it would help meI wasn't comfortable using it3

Other 4 – Write in

Refused 999

E4. During the past 12 months, did you use any of the following to try to stop smoking tobacco...

E4a. Did you use group counseling, including at a smoking cessation clinic to try to stop smoking?

Yes 1 No 2 Refused 999

E4b. Did you use nicotine replacement therapy, such as the patch or gum to try to stop smoking?

Yes 1 No 2 Refused 999

E4c. Did you use other prescription medications, for example Zyban (Bupropion, Aplenzin, Wellbutrin, Wellbutrin SR, Wellbutrin XL) or Chantix to try to stop smoking?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Refused
 999

E4d. Did you use herbal/homeopathic medicines to try to stop smoking?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Refused
 999

E4e. Did you try to stop smoking on your own?

Yes 1 No 2 Refused 999 E4f. Did you use anything else to try to stop smoking?

Yes	1
E3f1. What was that?	
No	2
Refused	999

IF D1 = 1 (Used smokeless tobacco in past 30 days) CONTINUE WITH THIS SECTION.

IF D1 = 3, 777, OR 999 (Used smokeless tobacco in past 30 days = No, Don't know/Not Sure, Refused) SKIP TO SECTION F SECONDHAND SMOKE

SMOKELESS TOBACCO

E5. During the past 12 months, have you tried to stop using smokeless tobacco, such as snuff, chewing tobacco, or dip?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO E5a]
No 2 [SKIP to SECTION F]
Refused 999 [SKIP SECTION F]

E5a. Are you aware of the 1-800-QUIT-NOW telephone support line to try to stop smoking?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO E5b] No 2 [SKIP TO E6]

Refused 999 [SKIP TO E6]

E5b. For smokeless tobacco, did you use the 1-800-QUIT-NOW telephone support line?

Yes 1 [SKIP TO E6]

No 2 [CONTINUE TO E5b1]

E5b1. Why not? [DO NOT READ, BUT SELECT ONE OPTION.]

I didn't know about it 1
I didn't think it would help me 2
I wasn't comfortable using it 3

Other 4 – Write in

Refused 999

E6. During the past 12 months, did you use any of the following to try stop using smokeless tobacco?

E6a. Did you use group counseling?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Refused
 999

E6b. For smokeless tobacco, did you use nicotine replacement therapy, such as the patch or gum?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Refused
 999

E6c. For smokeless tobacco, did you use other prescription medications, for example Zyban (Bupropion, Aplenzin, Wellbutrin, Wellbutrin SR, Wellbutrin XL) or Chantix?

Yes	1
No	2
Refused	999

E6d. For smokeless tobacco, did you use herbal/homeopathic medicines?

Yes	1
No	2
Refused	999

E6e. Did you try to stop using smokeless tobacco on your own?

Yes	1
No	2
Refused	999

E6f. Did you use anything else to try to stop using smokeless tobacco?

Yes	1
E5h1. What was that?	
No	2
Refused	999

Section F. Secondhand Smoke

I would now like to ask you a few questions about smoking tobacco and marijuana/cannabis in various places.

F1. What type of housing do you live in currently?

House	1 [CONTINUE TO F1a]
Duplex or two-unit building	2 [CONTINUE TO F1a]
Apartment or Condo Building with 3 or more units	3 [CONTINUE TO F1a]
Mobile or manufactured home	4 [CONTINUE TO F1a]

Temporary housing (i.e. with a friend or relative/motel/shelter/street) 5 [SKIP TO F2]
Refused 999 [SKIP TO F2]

F1a. Do you currently own or rent?

Own	1
Rent	2
Other	3
Don't know/Not sure	777
Refused	999

F2. Which of the following best describes the rules about smoking inside of your home, including tobacco and marijuana/cannabis smoking:

Allowed	1
Not allowed, but exceptions	2
Never allowed	3
No rules	4
Don't know/Not sure	777
Refused	999

F3. How often are you exposed to secondhand smoke from tobacco?

Daily 1
Weekly 2
Monthly 3
Less than monthly 4
Never 5
Don't know/Not sure 777
Refused 999

F4. How often are you exposed to secondhand smoke from marijuana/cannabis?

Daily 1
Weekly 2
Monthly 3
Less than monthly 4
Never 5
Don't know/Not sure 777
Refused 999

F5. How often does secondhand smoke from cigarettes or marijuana/cannabis infiltrate your home/residence? Would you say...

Daily 1
Weekly 2
Monthly 3
Less than monthly 4
Never 5
Don't know/Not sure 777
Refused 999

F6. Do you currently work outside of your home?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO F7]
No/Don't Work 2 [SKIP TO F10]
Refused 999 [SKIP TO F10]

F7. Do you currently work inside a casino?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Refused
 999

F8. During the past 30 days, did anyone smoke tobacco in indoor areas where you work?

Yes 1
No 2
Don't know/Not sure 777
Refused 999

F9. During the past 30 days, did anyone smoke marijuana/cannabis in indoor areas where you work?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Don't know/Not sure
 777

 Refused
 999

F10. Based on what you know or believe, do you feel that people should be protected from secondhand tobacco smoke?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Don't know/Not sure
 777

 Refused
 999

F11. Based on what you know or believe, do you feel that people should be protected from secondhand marijuana/cannabis smoke?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Don't know/Not sure
 777

 Refused
 999

F12. If a business allows indoor smoking, are you:

More likely to visit that business? 1
Less likely to visit that business? 2
It does not impact my decision to visit that business? 3
Don't know/Not sure 777
Refused 999

Section G. Knowledge, Attitudes & Perceptions

Now I'm going to ask you questions about where you get your health information and about some of your opinions.

G1. From which sources of media do you get most of your health information? [READ EACH AND SELECT ALL THAT APPLY.]

Newspapers or magazines1Television2Radio3Billboards4Bus stop benches/shelters5Internet ads or web banners6Social Media7

Somewhere else? 8 – Write in

[DO NOT INCLUDE HEALTH WARNINGS ON CIGARETTE PACKAGES]

For the next set of questions, please tell me if you would favor or oppose the following:

G2.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law prohibiting smoking close to the	Favor	1
	entrances of businesses and public buildings?	Oppose	2
		Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G3.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law prohibiting smoking in all indoor	Favor	1
	casino gaming areas?	Oppose	2
		Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G4.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law prohibiting smoking in all indoor	Favor	1
	bars and nightclubs?	Oppose	2
		Don't know	777
		Refused	999

G5.	[Would you favor or oppose] increasing taxes on tobacco products,	Favor	1
	including e-cigarettes, vapor products?	Oppose	2
		Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G6.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law prohibiting flavors that attract youth	Favor	1
	such as cherry, cotton candy, mint, and menthol in tobacco products,	Oppose	2
	including electronic vapor products?	Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G7.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law prohibiting advertisements for all	Favor	1
	marijuana/cannabis products?	Oppose	2
		Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G8.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law limiting advertisements for tobacco	Favor	1
	and vaping products?	Oppose	2
		Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G9.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law prohibiting smoking and vaping,	Favor	1
	anywhere on college campuses?	Oppose	2
		Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G10.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law prohibiting smoking and vaping in	Favor	1
	indoor areas of multiunit housing complexes such as apartments and	Oppose	2
	condominiums?	Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G11.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law prohibiting smoking and vaping in	Favor	1
	outdoor public places, such as the parks and playgrounds (i.e. Places	Oppose	2
	where children are likely to be present)?	Don't know	777
		Refused	999
G12.	[Would you favor or oppose] a law limiting the number of tobacco	Favor	1
	retail shops in your community, for example near schools and parks?	Oppose	2
		Don't know	777
		Refused	999
		1	

G13. How much do you agree or disagree with the following statement: Cigarette sales should be phased out completely over the next 5 years? Would you say that you strongly agree, agree, disagree, or strongly disagree?

Strongly agree	1
Agree	2
Disagree	3
Strongly disagree	4
Don't know	777
Refused	999

H. Water Pipe (Hookah/Shisha/Nargile)

The next set of question are about smoking water pipe.

H1. Have you smoked a water pipe at least once in the past 30 days?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO H2]
No 2 [SKIP TO SECTION I]
Doesn't know/Not sure 777 [SKIP TO SECTION I]
Refused 999 [SKIP TO SECTION I]

H2. The last time you smoked a water pipe, how many other people did you share the same pipe with during the session?

[IF DON'T KNOW OR REFUSED, ENTER 999]

H3. The last time you smoked a water pipe, where did you smoke it?

Home 1 Lounge 2 Bar/Club 3 Restaurant 4

Other 5 – Write in

Don't know/Not sure 777 Refused 999

I. Background Characteristics

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about your background.

[INTERVIEWER: READ IF NECESSARY: This information is used for statistical purposes only and will remain confidential.]

I1. What is your gender?

Male	1
Female	2
Transgender	3
Genderqueer/Gender-nonconforming	4
Other	5
Don't know	777
Refused	999

12. How old are you?

[IF RESPONDENT IS UNSURE, PROBE FOR AN ESTIMATE]

13. What is the highest grade or year of school you completed?

Eighth grade or less	1
Some high school (grades 9-11)	2
Grade 12 or GED certificate (high school graduate)	3
Some technical school	4
Technical school graduate	5
Some college	6
College graduate	7
Postgraduate or professional degree	8
Don't know	777
Refused	999

14. Are you Hispanic or Latino?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2

 Don't know
 777

 Refused
 999

15. Which one of the following best describes your race?

White / Caucasian 1
African-American / Black 2
Asian 3
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander 4
American Indian or Alaska Native 5

Other 6 – Write in

Multiple Races 7
Don't know 777
Refused 999

I6. Please stop me when I reach the category that includes your total household income for last year before taxes. This would be the total income for everyone living in your household last year, not just your income.

< \$15,000	1
\$15,000 TO < \$25,000	2
\$25,000 TO < \$35,000	3
\$35,000 TO < \$45,000	4
\$45,000 TO < \$55,000	5
\$55,000 TO < \$65,000	6
\$65,000 TO < \$75,000	7
\$75,000 TO < \$100,000	8
\$100,000 OR MORE	9
Don't know/Not Sure	777
Refused	999

17. Do you consider yourself to be one or more of the following? Please tell me the letter or letters: [INTERVIEWER: say the letter so that they can respond by letter.]

[IF PAUSE/REFUSAL ALSO SAY:]

["You can name a different category if that fits you better"]

A. Straight or heterosexual
B. Gay or Lesbian
C. Bisexual
D. Different identity

Other 5 – Write in

Don't know/Not sure 777 Refused 999

J. End Individual Questionnaire

That was our final question! Thank you for your time today.

J1. Would you like to be entered into the drawing to win a \$50 Visa gift card?

Yes 1 [CONTINUE TO J2]
No 2 [SKIP TO THANK YOU]

J2. If yes, please provide your name and phone number that you would like to be contacted at should you win:

J2a. Name: _______ J2b. Phone: ______

J3. Would you also like us to keep an e-mail address on file should we have difficulty reaching you by phone?

Yes 1 – Enter email

No 2

Thank you again for your time and participation in this survey. Have a great day!

[INTERVIEWER: ENTER ANY NECESSARY NOTES ABOUT INTERVIEW.]

APPENDIX G: 2023 Adult Tobacco Survey - Spanish

¡Hola! Mi nombre es ______ y estoy llamando de la Universidad de Nevada Las Vegas. Estamos llevando a cabo una encuesta de adultos en Nevada con respecto al uso del tabaco y comportamientos de fumar.

[LA PERSONA QUE CONTESTE PARA LA ENCUESTA DEBER TENER 18 AÑOS O MÁS, Y USTED DEBER ESTAR SEGURO QUE LA PERSONA PUEDE PRODUCIR INFORMACIÓN EXACTA SOBRE TODOS LOS MIEMBROS DEL HOGAR. SI ES NECESARIO, VERIFIQUE LA EDAD DEL ENCUESTADO PARA ASEGURARSE QUE TENGAN 18 AÑOS Y MÁS DE EDAD.

1. ¿Puedo hablar con un adulto de 18 años de edad o mayor?

Sí

Ningún adulto de 18+ años en el hogar

Adulto de 18+ años no disponible/No es un buen momento

Rechazar

1

2 [Gracias y termina la llamada]

7 [Establece tiempo para devolver la llamada]

8 [Gracias y termina la llamada]

¡Excelente! El propósito de esta encuesta es conocer mejor el consumo de tabaco de adultos en Nevada. Por su participación, ¡puede elegir ser inscrito en un sorteo para ganarse una tarjeta de regalo Visa de \$50 después de completar la encuesta! Toda la información recolectada se mantendrá confidencial y su nombre no será vinculado de ninguna manera. La encuesta durará aproximadamente unos 15 minutos.

1

2. ¿Está dispuesto a participar en la encuesta hoy?

Sí

No

2 [Gracias y establece tiempo para devolver la llamda]

3. Puede verificar el condado donde vive?

Clark County NV

Washoe County NV

Carson City County NV

Churchill County NV

Douglas County NV

Elko County NV

Esmeralda County NV

Eureka County NV

Humboldt County NV

Lander County NV

Lincoln County NV

Lyon County NV

Mineral County NV

Nye County NV

Pershing County NV

Storey County NV

White Pine County NV

No sé

Prefiero no Responder

4. ¿Cuál es su código postal?

INGRESE EL CÓDIGO POSTAL DE 5 DÍGITOS

No sé/No estoy seguro

Rechazar

Sección A. E-cigarrillos

Las primeras preguntas se relacionan con el uso de los cigarrillos electrónicos y productos de vapor, incluyendo Juul.

A1. ¿Cree usted que los cigarrillos electrónicos o productos vaporizantes electrónicos son más seguros que los cigarrillos regulares?

Sí	1
No	2
No sé/No estoy seguro	777
Rechazar	999

Leer si es necesario: Los cigarrillos electrónicos (e-cigarrillos) y otros productos electrónicos de vapeo incluyen Juul, Puff Bars, Elf Bars, narguiles electrónicos (e-hookahs), bolígrafos, cigarrillos electrónicos y otros. Estos productos funcionan con baterías y generalmente contienen nicotina y sabores de frutas, menta o dulces. (De CDC BRFSS)

A2. ¿Alguna vez ha utilizado un cigarrillo electrónico u otro producto vaporizante, aunque sólo haya sido una vez, en los últimos 30 días?

Sí	1 [CONTINUE TO A3]
No	2 [SKIP TO Sección B]
No sé/No estoy seguro	777 [SKIP TO Sección B]
Rechazar	999 [SKIP TO Sección B]

A3. ¿Alguna vez ha usado un cigarrillo electrónico u otro producto vaporizante electrónico con marihuana, THC [tetrahidrocannabinol] o aceite de hachís o cera de THC?

Sí	1
No	2
No sé/No estov seguro	777
Rechazar	999

A4. ¿Qué sabor usas **más** al vapear / usar un cigarrillo electrónico o un dispositivo de vapeo? (seleccione uno)

Tabaco	1
Sabor a mentol o menta	2
Algún otro sabor como fruta, dulces, alcohol, café, vainilla, etc.	3
Sin sabor	4
No sé /No estoy seguro	777
Rechazar	999

Sección B. Fumar Tabaco

Ahora me gustaría hacerle algunas preguntas acerca de *fumar * tabaco, incluyendo cigarrillos, cigarros, pipas. Por favor, no responda sobre el tabaco sin humo en este momento.

B1. ¿Ha fumado tabaco al menos una vez en los últimos 30 días?

Sí 1 [CONTINUE TO B1a]

No 2 [SKIP TO B2]

No sé/No estoy seguro 777 [SKIP TO Sección C] Rechazar 999 [SKIP TO Sección C]

B1a. Cual de los siguientes productos ha fumado al menos una vez en los últimos 30 días? [LEA CADA UNO Y SELECCIONE TODOS LOS QUE APLIQUEN]

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

Cualquier otro/a 9- añadir No se/No estoy seguro 777 Rechazar 999

[SKIP TO SECTION C]

B2. En el *pasado, *¿ha fumado tabaco?

Sí 1 [CONTINUE TO B2a]

No 2 [SKIP TO SECCIÓN C. MARIHUANA/CANNABIS]
No sé/No estoy seguro 777 [SKIP TO SECCIÓN C. MARIHUANA/CANNABIS]
Rechazar 999 [SKIP TO SECCIÓN C. MARIHUANA/CANNABIS]

B2a. Si respondió que si: ¿Qué método o métodos utilizaste para dejar de fumar? (No lea esta lista)

Línea telefónica 1-800 para de dejar de fumar

Servicio para dejar de fumar basado en web/en línea 2

Terapia de reemplazo de nicotina: el parche o el chicle 3

Medicamentos recetados, por ejemplo, Zyban 4

(Bupropion, Aplenzin, Wellbutrin, Wellbutrin SR,

Wellbutrin XL) o Chantix

Remedios herbolariosierbas / medicamentos 5

homeopáticos

Cigarros electrónicos o vapeo 6

Otro 7 - añadir

No sé/No estoy seguro 777 Rechazar 999

Sección C. Marihuana/Cannabis

Las siguientes preguntas son sobre la marihuana/cannabis.

C1. Ha usado marihuana/cannabis al menos una vez en los últimos 30 días?

```
Si 1 [CONTINUE TO C2]
No 2 [SKIP TO Sección D]
No sé/No estoy seguro 3 [SKIP TO Sección D]
Rechazar 4 [SKIP TO Sección D]
```

C2. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume marihuana/cannabis?

Diario o casi a diario	1
Al menos una vez por semana, pero no diariamente	2
Al menos una vez al mes, pero no todas las semanas	3
Menos de una vez al mes	4
No sé/No estoy seguro	777
Rechazar	999

C3. Durante los últimos 30 días, cuál de las siguientes formas consumió marihuana/cannabis con más frecuencia? Usualmente...

Fumándolo (por ejemplo, fumar un porro, pipa de agua, blunt/cigarrillo)	1
Comiéndolo (por ejemplo, en brownies, pasteles, galletas, o dulces)	2
Tomándolo (por ejemplo, en té, cola, o alcohol)	3
Vaporizado (por ejemplo, en un aparato similar a un e-cigarrillo)	4
Frotándolo (por ejemplo, usando ceras y/o concentrados) o	5
La usas en otras formas	6

[NO LEA]

No sé/No estoy seguro 777
Rechazar 999

C4. ¿De dónde obtiene sus productos de marihuana/cannabis con mayor frecuencia?

Dispensario	1
Fuente privada	2
Salón/Lounge de cannabis	3
Amigo/familiar	4
Otro	5
No sé/No estoy seguro	777
Rechazar	999

C5. ¿Dónde consume con más frecuencia los productos de marihuana/cannabis?

En casa, adentro 1
En casa, afuera 2
En el vehículo/coche 3
Al aire libre en un lugar público 4
Salón/Lounge de cannabis 5
Festivales/Conciertos 6
Casino 7
Bar/discoteca 8

Otro 9 - añadir No sé/No estoy seguro 777 Rechazar 999

Sección D. Tabaco Sin Humo

La siguiente pregunta es sobre el uso de tabaco sin humo, como el tabaco nasal ("snuff"), el tabaco de mascar, y el tabaco humedecido. El tabaco sin humo es el tabaco que no se fuma, pero se consume a través de la nariz, que se mantiene en la boca, o se mastica o se vapea.

D1. ¿Ha consumido tabaco sin humo al menos una vez en los últimos 30 días?

Sí 1 No 2 No sé/No estoy seguro 777 Rechazar 999

Sección E. Cesación

IF B1 = 2, 777, OR 999 (Smoked tobacco in past 30 days = No, Don't know/not sure, Refused)

AND D1 = 3,777, OR 999 (Uses smokeless tobacco = Not at all, Don't know, Refused)

SKIP TO SECTION F SECONDHAND SMOKE

E1. Durante su visita a un médico o proveedor de salud en los últimos 12 meses, ¿le aconsejaron dejar de fumar tabaco o dejar de usar otros productos de tabaco?

Sí 1
No 2
No Aplica (No hubo visita) 3
Rechazar 999

IF B1 = 1 (Smoked tobacco in past 30 days = Yes), CONTINUE WITH THIS SECTION.

IF B1 = 2, 777, OR 999 (Smoked tobacco in past 30 days = No, Don't know/not sure, Refused)

SKIP TO E5

Las siguientes preguntas son acerca de cualquier intento de dejar de consumir tabaco que pudo haber hecho durante los últimos 12 meses.

FUMANDO TABACO

E2. Durante los últimos 12 meses, ¿ha intentado dejar de fumar?

Sí 1 [CONTINUE TO E3] No 2 [SKIP TO E5]

Rechazar 999

E3. ¿Estaba consciente de la línea de asistencia telefónica 1-855-DEJELO-YA para tratar de dejar de fumar?

 Sí
 1 [SKIP TO E3a]

 No
 2 [SKIP TO E4]

 Rechazar
 999 [SKIP TO E4]

E3a. ¿Utilizó la línea de asistencia telefónica 1-855-DEJELO-YA para tratar de dejar de fumar?

Sí 1 [SKIP TO E4]

No 2 [CONTINUE TO E3b]

E3b. ¿Por qué no? [NO LEA, PERO SELECCINE UNO]

No sabía que existía 1 No sabía que me iba ayudar 2 No me sentía cómodo usándola 3

Otro 4 - añadir Rechazar 999

E4. Durante los últimos 12 meses, ¿uso alguna de las siguientes para tratar de dejar de fumar tabaco...?

E4a. ¿Utilizó terapia en grupo, incluyendo en una clínica para dejar de fumar?

 Sí
 1

 No
 2

 Rechazar
 999

E4b. ¿Utilizo la terapia de reemplazo de nicotina, como el parche o chicle para tratar de dejar de fumar?

 Sí
 1

 No
 2

 Rechazar
 999

E4c. ¿Utilizó otros medicamentos recetados, por ejemplo Zyban (Bupropion, Aplenzin, Wellbutrin, Wellbutrin SR, Wellbutrin XL) o Chantix para tratar de dejar de fumar ?

 Sí
 1

 No
 2

 Rechazar
 999

E4d. ¿Ha utilizado remedios herbolarios /medicamentos homeopáticos para tratar de dejar de fumar?

Sí 1 No 2 Rechazar 999

E4e. ¿Ha intentado dejar de fumar por su propia cuenta?

 Sí
 1

 No
 2

 Rechazar
 999

E4f. ¿Ha utilizado cualquier otra cosa para tratar de dejar de fumar?

Sí 1 E3i1. ¿Qué fue? _______ No 2 Rechazar 999

IF D1 = 1 or 2 (Uses smokeless tobacco = Daily or Less than daily) CONTINUE WITH THIS SECTION.

IF D1 = 3, 777, OR 999 (Uses smokeless tobacco = Not at all, Don't know, Refused) SKIP TO SECTION F SECONDHAND SMOKE

TABACO SIN HUMO

E5. Durante los últimos 12 meses, ¿ha intentado dejar de consumir tabaco sin humo, como tabaco, mascar tabaco o tabaco humedecido?

Sí1 [CONTINUE TO E5a]No2 [SKIP TO SECTION F]Rechazar999 [SKIP TO SECTION F]

E5a. ¿Sabe acerca de la línea de asistencia telefónica 1-855-DEJELO-YA para tratar de dejar de fumar?

Sí 1 [CONTINUE TO E5b]

No 2 [SKIP TO E6] Rechazar 999 [SKIP TO E6]

E5b. Para el tabaco sin humo ¿utilizó la línea de asistencia telefónica 1-855-DEJELO-YA?

Sí 1 [SKIP TO E6]

No 2 [CONTINUE TO E5b1]

E5b1. ¿Por qué no? [NO LEA, PERO SELECCIONE UNA OPCIÓN]

No sabía que existía 1

No pensé que me ayudaría 2

No me sentía cómodo usándolo 3

Otra razón 4 - añadir Rechazar 999

E6. Durante los últimos 12 meses, ¿utilizó cualquiera de los siguientes para tratar de dejar de usar el tabaco sin humo?

E6a. ¿Utilizó terapia en grupo?

Sí 1 No 2 Rechazar 999

E6b. Para el tabaco sin humo, ¿utilizó la terapia de reemplazo de nicotina, como el parche o el chicle?

Sí 1 No 2 Rechazar 999 E6c. Para el tabaco sin humo, ¿utilizó otros medicamentos recetados, por ejemplo Zyban (Bupropion, Aplenzin, Wellbutrin, Wellbutrin SR, Wellbutrin XL) o Chantix?

 Sí
 1

 No
 2

 Rechazar
 999

E6d. Para el tabaco sin humo ¿utilizó remedios herbolarios/medicamentos homeopáticos?

 Sí
 1

 No
 2

 Rechazar
 999

E6e. ¿Ha intentado dejar de usar el tabaco sin humo por su propia cuenta?

 Sí
 1

 No
 2

 Rechazar
 999

E6f. ¿Ha utilizado cualquier otra cosa para tratar de dejar el tabaco sin humo?

Sí 1
E5h1. ¿Qué fue?
No 2
Rechazar 999

Sección F. Humo de Segunda Mano

Ahora me gustaría hacerle algunas preguntas acerca de fumar en varios lugares.

F1. ¿En qué tipo de vivienda vive en este momento?

Casa 1[CONTINUE TO F1a]
Edificio dúplex o de dos unidades 2[CONTINUE TO F1a]
Edificio de apartamentos o condominios con 3 o más unidades 3[CONTINUE TO F1a]
Casa móvil o prefabricada 4[CONTINUE TO F1a]
Alojamiento temporal (es decir, con un amigo o familiar/motel/refugio/calle) 5[SKIP TO F2]
Rechazar 999[SKIP TO F2]

F1a. ¿Es usted actualmente propietario o renta?

Soy propietario 1
Rento 2
Otro 3
No sé/No estoy seguro 777
Rechazar 999

F2. ¿Cuál de las siguientes opciones describe mejor las reglas sobre fumar adentro del hogar, incluyendo tabaco y marihuana/cannabis?

Permitido 1
No es permitido, pero hay excepciones 2
Nunca es permitido 3
No hay reglas 4
No sé/No estoy seguro 777
Rechazar 999

F3. ¿Con qué frecuencia está usted expuesto al humo de tabaco de segunda mano?

Diario 1
Semanal 2
Mensual 3
Menos de mensual 4
Nunca 5
No sé/No estoy seguro 777
Rechazar 999

F4. ¿Con qué frecuencia está expuesto al humo de marihuana/cannabis de segunda mano?

Diario 1
Semanal 2
Mensual 3
Menos de mensual 4
Nunca 5
No sé/No estoy seguro 777
Rechazar 999

F5. ¿Con qué frecuencia el humo de cigarrillo o marihuana/cannabis de segunda mano se infiltra en su hogar/residencia? Usted diría:

Diariamente 1
Semanal 2
Mensual 3
Menos del mes 4
Nunca 5
No sé/No estoy seguro 777
Rechazar 999

F6. ¿Trabaja actualmente fuera de su hogar?

Sí 1 [CONTINUE TO F7]
No/No Trabajo 2 [SKIP TO F10]
Rechazar 999 [SKIP TO F10]

F7. ¿Trabaja actualmente adentro de un casino?

Sí 1 No/No Trabajo 2 Rechazar 999

F8. Durante los últimos 30 días, ¿alguien fumó en áreas interiores en su trabajo?

Sí 1 No 2 No sé/No estoy seguro 777 Rechazar 999

F9. Durante los últimos 30 días, alguien fumo marihuana/cannabis en áreas interiores em su trabajo?

Si 1
No 2
No sé/No estoy seguro 777
Rechazar 999

F10. Según lo que sabe o cree, ¿siente que se debe proteger a las personas del humo de tabaco de segunda mano?

Si	1
No	2
No sé/No estoy seguro	777
Rechazar	999

F11. Según lo que sabe o cree, ¿siente que se debe proteger a las personas del humo de marihuana/cannabis de segunda mano?

Si	1
No	2
No sé/No estoy seguro	777
Rechazar	999

F12. Si un negocio permite fumar en interiores:

¿Es más probable que visite ese negocio?	1
¿Es menos probable que visite ese negocio?	2
¿No afecta su decisión de visitar ese negocio?	3
No sé/No estoy seguro	777
Rechazar	999

Sección G. Conocimiento, actitudes, y percepciones

Las siguientes preguntas son sobre donde obtiene su información de salud y sobre algunas de sus opiniones

G1. ¿Cuál es la fuente de medios que utiliza para obtener la mayor parte de información sobre la salud? [LEA Y SELECCIONE TODAS QUE APLIQUEN]

Periódicos o revistas	1
Televisión	2
Radio	3
Cartelera	4
Bancos de parada de autobús o en refugios	5
Anuncios en internet o banners web	6
Redes sociales	7
¿Otro lugar?	8 - añadir

[NO INCLUYA ADVERTENCIAS MÉDICAS EN LOS PAQUETES DE CIGARRILLOS]

Para las siguientes preguntas, por favor dígame si usted está a favor o en contra de lo siguiente:

G2	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que prohíba fumar cerca	A favor	1
	de las entradas de negocios y edificios públicos?	En contra	2
		No sé	777
		Rechazar	999
G3	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que prohíba fumar en	A favor	1
	todas las áreas interiores de las áreas de juego de casinos?	En contra	2
		No sé	777
		Rechazar	999

G4	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que prohíba fumar en todos los bares y clubs nocturnos interiores?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999
G5	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] aumentar los impuestos sobre los productos de tabaco, incluidos los cigarrillos electrónicos, los productos de vapor?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999
G6	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que prohíba los sabores que atraen a los jóvenes como la cereza, el algodón de azúcar, la menta y el mentol en los productos de tabaco, incluidos los productos electrónicos de vapor?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999
G7	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que prohíba la publicidad de todos los productos de marihuana / cannabis?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999
G8	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que limite la publicidad de tabaco y productos de vapeo?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999
G9	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que prohíba fumar y vapear en cualquier lugar de los campus universitarios?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999
G10	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que prohíba fumar y vapear en áreas interiores de complejos de viviendas de unidades múltiples, como apartamentos y condominios?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999
G11	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que prohíba fumar y vapear en lugares públicos al aire libre, como parques y áreas de juego (es decir, lugares donde es probable que haya niños)?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999
G12	[¿Estaría a favor o en contra de] una ley que limite el número de tiendas de tabaco en su comunidad, por ejemplo, cerca de escuelas y parques?	A favor En contra No sé Rechazar	1 2 777 999

G13. ¿Qué tan de acuerdo o en desacuerdo está con la siguiente afirmación: La venta de cigarrillos debería eliminarse por completo en los próximos 5 años?¿Diría usted que está totalmente de acuerdo, de acuerdo, en desacuerdo o en total desacuerdo?

Totalmente de acuerdo	1
De acuerdo	2
En desacuerdo	3
Totalmente en desacuerdo	4
No sé	777
Rechazar	999

H. Pipa de Agua (Hookah/Shisha/Narguile)

Ahora me gustaría hacerle algunas preguntas acerca de fumar usando una pipa de agua.

H1. ¿Ha fumado una pipa de agua al menos una vez en los últimos 30 días?

Si 1 [CONTINUE TO H2]
No 2 [SKIP TO Sección I]
No está seguro/no sabe 777 [SKIP TO Sección I]
Rechazar 999 [SKIP TO Sección I]

H2. La última vez que fumo una pipa de agua, ¿con cuántas otras personas compartieron la misma pipa durante la sesión?

[SI NO SABE O SE NEGA A CONTESTAR, INTRODUZCA 99]

H3. La última vez que fumó una pipa de agua, ¿dónde la fumó?

Casa 1
Salón/Lounge 2
Bar/Club 3
Restaurante 4

Otros 5 - añadir

No sé/No estoy seguro 777 Rechazar 999

I. Características de su Historial

Ahora voy hacerle algunas preguntas sobre su historial.

[ENTREVISTADOR/A: LEA SI ES NECESARIO Esta información se utiliza únicamente con fines estadísticos y permanecerá confidencial.]

I1. ¿Cuál es su género?

Masculino	1
Femenino	2
Transgénero	3
Genderqueer/Género no conforme	4
Otro	5
No sé	777
Rechazar	999

12. ¿Cuántos años tienes?

[SI EL ENCUESTADO NO ESTÁ SEGURO, PRUEBE POR UNA ESTIMACIÓN]

13. ¿Cuál es el grado más alto o el año de escuela que completó?

Octavo grado o menos	1
Algo de secundaria (grados 9-11)	2
Grado 12 o certificado de GED (graduado de la escuela secundaria)	3
Algo de escuela técnica	4
Graduado de la escuela técnica	5
Algo de universidad	6
Graduado de la universidad	7
Postgrado o título profesional	8
No sé	777
Rechazar	999

14. ¿Es Hispano o Latino?

Sí	1
No	2
No sé	777
Rechazar	999

15. ¿Cuál de las siguientes opciones describe mejor su raza?

Blanca / Caucásica	
Afroamericano / Negro	2
Asiático	3
Nativo de Hawái / de las Islas del Pacífico	4
Indio Americano o Nativo de Alaska	5

Otro 6 - añadir

Razas múltiples 7
No sé 777
Rechazar 999

I6. Por	favor díg	game cuando llegue a la	categoría que incluye el total de su ingreso familiar del año pasado antes de
impues	tos. Esto	o sería el ingreso total de	e todos los que vivieron en su hogar el año pasado, no sólo su ingreso.
< \$15,000		000	1
\$15,000 A < \$25,000		0 A < \$25,000	2
\$25,000 A < \$35,000		0 A < \$35,000	3
\$35,000 A < \$45,000		0 A < \$45,000	4
	\$45,00	0 A < \$55,000	5
\$55,000 A < \$65,000		0 A < \$65,000	6
	\$65,00	0 A < \$75,000	7
	\$75,00	0 A < \$100,000	8
\$100,000 O MÁS		00 O MÁS	9
	No sé/I	No estoy seguro	777
	Rechaz	ar	999
17.16.			along the state 2 Bands and Markov Indiana dataset
			e los siguientes? Por favor, dígame la letra o letras:
-			la persona pueda responder por letra]
	-	iza a responder, tambiér	·
[Puede			te si se identifica mejor con otra"]
	Α.	Heterosexual	1
	В.	Gay o Lesbiana	2
	C.	Bisexual	3
	D.	Identidad diferente	4
		Otro	5 - añadir
		No sé/No estoy seguro	777
		Rechazar	999
J. Fin	del Cu	estionario Individu	al
¡Esa fue	e nuestr	a última pregunta! Graci	as por su tiempo el día de hoy.
J1. ¿Le	gustaría	entrar en el sorteo para	poder ganar una tarjeta de regalo Visa de \$50?
	Sí	1 [CONTINUE T	
	No	2 [SKIP TO THA	<u>-</u>
J2. En d	ado cas	o que si, por favor propo	orcione su nombre y número de teléfono donde desea ser contactado en caso de
ganar:			
		mbre:	
	J2b. Te	léfono:	
J3. ¿De		ambién que mantuviéran	nos su correo electrónico en nuestro archivo por si se nos dificulta contactarle
po. co.	Sí	1 [Ingrese corre	eo electrónico]
	No	2	

Gracias de nuevo por su tiempo y participación en esta encuesta. ¡Que tenga un buen día!

[Entrevistador/a: Escribe las notas necesarias sobre la entrevista.]